HUBBUCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
HUBBUCK'S WHITE LEAD.
HUBBUCK'S COLOURS and VARNISHES.
HUBBUCK'S PREPARED LIQUID PAINTS.
HUBBUCK'S BRITISH GREEN PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S BINNACLE and COLZA OILS.
HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES Securely packed for exportation to all Climates.
Beware of Counterfeits of Name and Trade Marks.
THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON, LIMITED,
24, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 50,451—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1895.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Established 1819.
PETER F. HEERING'S
COPENHAGEN
CHERRY BRANDY.
Sold by all respectable Wine Merchants, by whom the New Show Cards can be obtained on application.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	FRIDAY, 5 P.M.
† CLYDE	4126	H. T. Weighell	16th Aug.
B.I. SHANNON	4189	K. Crowe	23rd "
† THAMES	4212	A. Symons	30th "
B.I. GANGES	4206	T. F. Creery	6th Sept.
† CLYDE	4126	H. T. Weighell	13th "
			SATURDAY, 2 P.M.
B.I. PENINSULAR	5132	R. F. Briscoe	21st Sept.
R.V.L. THAMES	4171	A. Symons	25th "
B.I. RAISAR-I-HIND	4029	F. H. Seymour	5th Oct.
† CLYDE	4126	H. T. Weighell	12th "
B.I. ORIENTAL	5152	D. Gellatly	19th "
† SUTLEJ	4205	W. J. Nantes	26th "
R.M. CALEDONIA	7558	W. R. Andrews	2nd Nov.
R.V.L. CLYDE	4126	H. T. Weighell	9th "
B.I. SHANNON	4189	F. Crewe	16th "
† SUTLEJ	4205	W. J. Nantes	23rd "
B.I. CARTHAGE	5260	F. De Horne	30th "

The Steamers marked B.I. proceed to BRINDISI, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, and LONDON.
The Steamers marked R.V.L. proceed direct to VENICE, taking passengers for BRINDISI and LONDON, those for the latter port tranship to the mail steamer at Aden, and passengers for BRINDISI can either do the same or remain on board the through Venice steamer.
The Steamers marked † proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to a Steamer for BRINDISI and LONDON.
The "Caledonia" (marked R M) proceeds to BRINDISI and MARSEILLES. No passengers for London will be booked for this voyage.

Single and return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. & O. express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. & O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 10 a.m. on day of sailing.
A Steam Tender leaves the Victoria Dock's Stairs at 3 P.M. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received. The attention of passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

Passage-tickets are issued for Round-the-World tours *via* Japan and Vancouver, or *via* Australia and America.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China. Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo :—

21st August 18th September
4th September

For further particulars apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 29th July, 1895.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N.Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
IMPERATRIX	T. Rasavich	4,194	750	1st Sep.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE, VENICE, Or BRINDISI	Rs. 301	Rs. 225	Rs. 150

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on [illegible]

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To Sail on
VINDOBONA	C. Bollen	4,351	350	9th Sep.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	2nd Class.	Deck.
To TRIESTE or VENICE	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.

RETURN TICKETS
By either Accelerated or Ordinary Service to TRIESTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class
AVAILABLE for 6 MONTHS	Rs. 300	Rs. 575
AVAILABLE for 12 MONTHS	Rs. 1000	Rs. 625

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards's, and other Routes.
In connection with the Steamers' Tickets the Company issue now Railway Tickets to the Principal Towns of Austria and Germany, as well as Tickets by steamers of the "Nord-deutscher Lloyd" (North German Lloyd) to ports of North and South America, Australia, &c., called at by their vessels.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons. H.P.	To Sail on
MARIA TERESA.	V. Ghersmann	3,062 350	21st August

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. AGLAIA to Madras, and Colombo.
For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
C. ZANELLA,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 30, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Aug. 1, 1895.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA (JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY).

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA'S CHARTERED STEAMER "CAM," 3,022 Tons, Captain J. MATHIAS, will SAIL on or about 12th August for TUTICORIN, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and NAGASAKI also engaging Cargo for CHIEFOO, JINSEN, FUSAN, GENSAN and VLADIVOSTOCK.
For freight and other particulars apply to—
TATA & SONS, Agents,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha
(Japan Mail Steamship Co.).
Victoria Buildings: Fort, Bombay, 8th August, 1895.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO., BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.
HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without [illegible] charge and on the most favourable terms. Berth [illegible]ully selected, with special attention to grouping.
[illegible]PING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAIL-[illegible]KETS procured.
[illegible]Y OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c., [illegible]ms of existing concessions.
[illegible]RS met on arrival.
[illegible]OTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, AND [illegible] current rates.
[illegible] supplied gratis, and general infor-[illegible] given.
[illegible].—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

[illegible] COOK AND SON,
[illegible]RS AND ARMY AGENTS.
[illegible]PASSAGES PROMPTLY [illegible] ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and [illegible] other Steamers, including non-Liners, [illegible]T of CHARGE for COMMISSION, [illegible]NGEMENTS for securing Berths [illegible]nsents. [illegible]ccessible from any Railway [illegible] issued, avail-[illegible] at all

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S.S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on the 10th August, at 2 p.m., or on arrival of in-coming English Mail Steamer, if later arriving.

S.S. "DWARKA," 1,694 tons, on the 13th August, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, on the 15th August, at Noon, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order. (Weather permitting.)

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on the 10th August, at 7 a.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR COAST AND RANGOON.

S.S. "BYCULLA," 1,464 tons, on the 17th August, calling at such Ports as may be arranged.

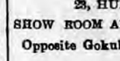
FOR ZANZIBAR AND DELAGOA BAY.

S.S. "GOA," 1,903 tons, on the 24th August, calling at Mozambique, Quillimane, Chinde, Beira and Inhambane.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 9th August, 1895. Agents.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.



PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge or Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class, P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

THROUGH RAILWAY TICKETS from any Station in India to Bombay, and Tickets for all Continental Routes furnished on application.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance effected at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & CO., LONDON.

MADON, SONS & Co.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,
AND
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHEMISTS,
Up-country and Local Orders carefully executed.
PRICES MODERATE.
SHOW ROOM AND WAREHOUSE,
23, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.
SHOW ROOM AND DISPENSING DEPARTMENT,
Opposite Gokuldas Tejpal Hospital, Carnac Road, Bombay.

ALL PERSONS having a knowledge of PITMAN'S SHORTHAND will hear of something to their Advantage by sending their Name and Full Address, clearly written, to SIR ISAAC PITMAN and SONS, 1, Amen Corner, London, E.C. Non-Shorthand writers should lose no time in acquiring this Valuable Art, because all who can employ it will find its practice both useful and profitable in every walk of life. Buy the Phonographic Teacher of R. A. RAGOON, Bombay, and ask for List of Prize competitions.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,
By Indian Parcels Post.
Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and Economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials Direct from the Manufacturers,
AT LOOM PRICES!
SAVING, 50 PER CENT.
HENRY PEASE AND CO.'S SUCCESSORS,
Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
Supply
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the Intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.
EXQUISITE DRESS.
Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India.
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
And New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres.
All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.
SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.
High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.
DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.
Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain, and Salt Water, in light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT or no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their [illegible] English Farmer. After care-[illegible]l is spun into yarn, [illegible]rming fabrics, [illegible]ge their

NOTICES.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING will be held at the Club House, on TUESDAY, the [illegible]ember, 1895, at 5-30 P.M.

By Order of the Committee,
C. BOILEAU,
Secretary.

ESTATE—MAJOR-GENERAL R. M. ROGERS, C.B., VC., DECEASED.

Pursuant to Section 42 Act XXVII. of 1886,

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late MAJOR-GENERAL ROBERT MONTESSOR ROGERS, C.B., VC., who died, at Maldenhead, on the 6th February 1895, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to GEORGE ROBERTS JOHNSTON, of the Firm of Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co., of Bombay, are requested to send in the same within One Month from This Date to the said Messrs. GRINDLAY, GROOM and Co., Bombay, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the Assets, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognised, and all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them or deliver the said securities or property to the said Administrator, whose Receipt alone is Valid for the same.

G. R. JOHNSTON,
Administrator to Estate.
Bombay, 27th July, 1895.

NOTICE.

THE EMPRESS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the Half-year ended 30th June last of

Rs. 25-0-0	per share of Rs. 500	paid up		
" 12-8-0	"	"	250	"
" 6-4-0	"	"	125	"
" 3-2-0	"	"	62-8-0	"
" 1-0-0	"	"	31-4-0	"

free of Income Tax, WILL BE PAID, on application, on and after the 19th August, to Shareholders whose Names are on the Company's Register on the 10th instant.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.
Bombay, August 1, 1895.

NOTICE.

THE LEOPOLD SPINNING, BLEACHING, AND MANUFACTURING Co., LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the Half-year ended 30th June last of Rs. 19 per Share, free of Income Tax, WILL BE PAID, on application, on and after the 19th August, to Shareholders whose Names are on the Company's Register on the 16th instant.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.
Bombay, August 1, 1895.

NOTICE.

THE JAMES GREAVES MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the Half-year ended 30th June last of Rs. 25 per Share, free of Income Tax, WILL BE PAID, on application, on and after the 19th August, to Shareholders whose Names are on the Company's Register on the 16th instant.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.
Bombay, August 1, 1895.

NOTICE.

THE CONNAUGHT MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the Half-year ended 30th June last of Rs. 25 per Share, on the Old Shares, and Rs. 12-8-0 per Share on the New Shares, free of Income Tax, WILL BE PAID, on application, on and after the 19th August, to Shareholders whose Names are on the Company's Register on the 16th instant.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Bombay, August [illegible] Agents.

THE HOWARD AN[illegible]UGH MILLS COMPANY [illegible]

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the Half-year ended 30th June last of Rs. 25 per Share, free of Income Tax, WILL BE PAID, on application, on and after the 19th August, to Shareholders whose Names are on the Company's Register on the 16th instant.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Bombay, August 1, 1895. Agents.

NOTICE.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the year ended 30th June last of Rs. 25 per Share, free of Income Tax, WILL BE PAID, on application, on and after the 19th August, to Shareholders whose Names are on the Company's Register on the 16th instant.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.
Bombay, August 1, 1895.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Shippers of GOODS by the s.s. AJMIR, wrecked off Satpatty, and to the Underwriters, that the above Steamer was SOLD, on SATURDAY, by PUBLIC AUCTION, by the Marine Insurance Company, Limited. All Consignees having Cargo still on Board the Vessel, and which is now so Salt Water Damaged as to be Rotten and Worthless, are given notice to remove the same on or before MONDAY, the 12th Day of August instant, after which the same will be thrown overboard by the Undersigned.

حاجي كاسم جوسب،
i.e., HAJEE CASSUM JOOSUB.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO., BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

OPEN CURRENT and DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and transact BANKING BUSINESS generally on terms which may be learnt on application; also REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL Agency.
LONDON AGENTS :—GRINDLAY & Co.

ASQUITH & LORD, APOLLO ST. BOMBAY.
HIGH-CLASS—TAILORS,
BREECHES—MAKERS,
SHIRT—MAKERS,
HOSIERS—HATTERS.

R. SCOTT & CO., M.R.C.V.S.,

GIRGAUM VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES.
(OLDEST ESTABLISHED FIRM IN BOMBAY.)
CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses Selected for local and Up-country constituents. Horses shod on the most approved principles under Personal Supervision.
Horses broken to single (Rs. 15) and double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Walers Charged extra. Horses standing on Commission Sale, or for treatment—

	Rs. a
At Livery, including Syce, per monsem	35 0
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17 0
Examination and Certificate	10 0
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5 0

Crushed Horse food, best in the markets, per cwt. Rs. 4-12-0.
Special mixtures, Crushed Oats, Bran, etc., supplied.

Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
Have just opened a Collection of the MOST PERFECT CYCLES,
Manufactured by the
[illegible]IER CYCLE COMPANY,
LIMITED.
[illegible]E MANUFACTURERS IN [illegible]ORLD.
[illegible]GLISH CYCLE MANU-[illegible]btained Three Distinct [illegible]AIR, CHICAGO, 1893, [illegible]ES, HELICAL TUBE.
TRICYCLES
[illegible]terns.
[illegible]vements.
[illegible] Strength.

TREACHER & Co., LD.

IMPORTERS OF.
ALCOCK'S
CELEBRATED FISHING TACKLE.
RODS, LINES, REELS.
ARTIFICIAL BAITS. FISH HOOKS.
SALMON AND TROUT FLIES.
ACCESSORIES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

GUNS, RIFLES, AMMUNITION,
SPORTING AND GYMKHANA KIT.
ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO.'S GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.

GENTLEMEN'S TROUSERS,
MADE TO MEASURE,
From Fancy Silk and Wool Flannel, Cream Grounds, with Fancy Colored Stripes...Usual Price, Rs. 10-8 per pair.
Sale Price, Rs. 7-8 ,,

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO.,

HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY.

WEDDING PRESENTS.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.
JUST UNPACKED—A Large STOCK of the following Articles, Moderately Priced, Beautiful Designs, and Durable best PLATING :—

	Rs.	Rs.
Tea and Coffee Services	65	to 225
Liqueur Frames	35	to 70
Fruit Knife Stands	15	to 30
Prize Cups	18	to 50
Butter Dishes, Revolving	15	to 30
Claret Jugs	15	to 25
Trays, Waiters and Salvers	14	to 115
Fruit Stands	15	to 100
Sugar Boxes	7	to 10
Ice Cream Plates	5	
Sardine Boxes	20	to 30
Inkstands	9	to 70
Table Lamps	25	to 150
Nut Crackers	4	to 6
Smokers' Sets	20	to 60
Ice Water Jugs	45	to 95
Egg Boilers with Spirit Lamp	10	to 30
Asparagus Tongs	13	
Soup Tureens	6	to 10
Vegetable Dishes	20	
Venison Dishes	14	to 25
Spoons, Knives and Forks, per dozen	50	to 120
Fish Knives in Cases	20	to 50
Fruit Spoons	70	to 125
Tea Sets in Cases	15	to 50
Biscuit Boxes	12	to 45
Salt Cellars in Cases	10	
Silting Tea Kettles with Spirit Lamp	15	to 80
Cruet Frames		

	Rs.	Rs.
Egg Frames	20	to 60
Ice Buckets	12	to 20
Ice Tongs	5	
Ice Bowls	18	
Wine Services	50	to 100
Cigar Lighters	8	
Flower Stands	15	to 65
Ash Trays	2	to 6
Napkin Rings	5	to 8
Toast Racks	10	to 20
Candle Sticks with Shades	12	to 48
Salt Cellars	4	to 8
Christening Mugs	9	to 25
Salad Bowls	35	to 45
Call Gongs	15	to 30
Cake or Bread Trays	25	to 65
Cheese Covers	20	
Vegetable Dishes	55	to 70
Spirit Flasks	8	to 20
Dessert Knives in Cases	40	to 110
Tantalus	42	to 70
Fish Carvers in Cases	20	to 30
Chutney Jars	15	to 33
Tea Spoons in Cases	15	to 45
Coloured Stoneware Jars for Sugar, Biscuits and Jam	12	to 25
Piano Candle Sticks, per pair	30	to 40

BOLTON & COMPANY,

ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

UMBRELLAS.

LADIES'—

	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
22 in. Dark Brown Satin de Chine	5 8 &	7 0
22 in. " " " "	7 12 &	8 10
23 in. " " " Natural Sticks	9 8 &	10 8
23 in. " " Twilled Silk, Paragon Frames.	12 4 &	14 0

GENTS'—

24 in. Brown Laventine, Natural Sticks	7 4 &	8 4
24 in. " " "	10 4 &	12 4
25 in. Brown Twilled Silk "	14 0 &	16 0
25 in. " " " Fancy Mounts	18 0 to	30 0

CASH PRICES.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY.

HEALTH HAS BEEN RESTORED, ENERGY REGAINED, AND LIFE PROLONGED, IN THOUSANDS OF CASES, BY THE USE OF THE

PHOSPHORUS COMPOUNDS

PREPARED BY
H. & T. KIRBY & CO., LD., LONDON.
THE ONLY FORM KNOWN TO BE A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE, AND
CONSTANTLY PRESCRIBED BY MEDICAL MEN IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.
Twenty-five Years' Experience has established the Fact that these Pills supply the MOST EFFECTUAL MEANS of administering SAFELY and SUCCESSFULLY
THE ONLY REMEDY FOR LOSS OF NERVE POWER,
NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, AND MENTAL DEPRESSION, ARISING FROM
OVERWORK, WORRY, EXCESS, CLIMATIC and other DEPRESSING CAUSES.
These PILLS ARE TAKEN WITH GREAT BENEFIT in Malarial Neuralgias, and incapacity for Intellectual or Business Work, as they rapidly restore Physical Vigour and Mental Activity.

The following have a large application. Those numbered 6 and 9 are taken with great advantage to STIMULATE THE NERVOUS SYSTEM. They operate as real NUTRIENT TONICS, giving increase of power in all cases of loss of Mental and Physical Vigour.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS, No. 6.
Nux Vomica in combination with Phosphorus is a very potent medicine, acting as a tonic both on the brain and spinal cord. It is useful in cases of cerebral and spinal debility, atonic dyspepsia, lowness of spirits, and habitual constipation, general ill-health (*before par.*), commonly arising from overwork.

PHOSPHORUS NUX VOMICA, AND IRON PILLS, No. 13.
IRON is added to the combination with Nux Vomica for persons who are anæmic. It is especially beneficial in Neuralgia and other manifestations of nervous exhaustion occurring in feeble, bloodless (anæmic) persons.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS, No. 1.
These carry the usual dose of Phosphorus only. They are taken as a nutrient tonic with great advantage in all cases manifesting Loss of Nerve Power from over excitement and excessive activity of the brain when Iron or Quinine cannot be given.

PHOSPHORUS AND DAMIANA PILLS, No. 34.
These are made with the Extract of the "True" Damiana Plant, the properties of which are well known. It is a valuable aid to Phosphorus when given as a remedy for Loss of Power. Formula No. 36 contains Nux Vomica also, and is therefore a more powerful combination.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS, No. 9.
(Containing Phosphorus, Iron, Quinine and Strychnine.)
This is a combination of the most powerful Nerve Tonics known. Iron, like Phosphorus, is a normal constituent of the blood, the health always suffering when either of these elements are deficient. These Pills are beneficial in all cases of poorness of blood and want of nerve power, especially in that feeble condition of body and mind induced by dissipation and excesses of various kinds. In Melancholia, Mental Depression, Failure of Energy and Business Capacity, and other morbid conditions indicating premature old age they are powerfully restorative. They are exceedingly energizing and strength-giving, and a valuable remedy for convalescents from Fever and other exhausting diseases.

PHOSPHORUS AND CANTHARIDES PILLS, No. 20.
These Pills operate as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs producing no irritation of the gastro-intestinal organs. They are especially useful in premature failure of power induced by passive discharges due to debility. Also as a stimulating commencagogue in obstinate cases of Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, and Atony of the Uterus. Formula 1 is a suitable "tonic for feeble anæmic females."

In Bottle, 3s., 5s., & 10s. each (English Money). The 10s. Bottle contains sufficient for 4 weeks. *Full Directions accompany each Bottle.*

N.B.—The only guarantee of the Genuineness of these Pills is our Trade Mark. SEE that this is intact.
BEWARE OF SPURIOUS PILLS OFFERED AT LOW PRICES.

Appointed Agents :—Calcutta : BATHGATE & Co. Bombay : TREACHER & Co.; PHILLIPS & Co. Poona : TREACHER & Co. Allahabad : LYELL & Co. Lahore and Simla : PLOMER & Co. Umballa and Kasauli : BALL, HOBSON & Co. Rangoon : DE SOUZA & Co. Karachi : MR. R. SHEPHERD.

H. & T. KIRBY & CO., LD.,

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SOLUBLE FRUIT ESSENCES

FRUIT EXTRACTS, COLOURINGS, &c.,
SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR
Aerated Water Manufacturers & Confectioners.
BRATBY & HINCHLIFFE, LIMITED,
[illegible]NCOATS, MANCHESTER; 146, MINORIES, LONDON;
And 61, ROBERTSON STREET, GLASGOW.
Lists and Full Particulars on application to their Agent,
F. W. SHALLIS, Bomb[illegible]

JULIUS BLÜTHNER,

OF all the many things that I have seen in my numerous wanderings about Europe, those which are connected with renowned personages and historical events, BLUTHNER have the firmest hold upon my memory, and the man whose name is at the head of this article stands forth in connection with some of the most memorable events of my experience.

It was in the middle of the seventies my first journey to Switzerland had taken me to Lake Lucerne, and Brunnen was my headquarters. One lovely evening in August I toiled up the steep winding road past Morschach to the celebrated Axenstein, where I intended to watch the sunset. Having feasted my eyes upon the magnificent BLUTHNER spectacle, I strolled through the wooded park and returned to the Hotel, where I arrived about ten o'clock.

A respectful group of persons, among whom were a large number of Englishmen, had assembled outside the Garden Saloon, and whilst listening to the sounds of Beethoven's "Adelaide" were attempting with patriotic enthusiasm to obtain a glimpse of those within. A young girl, delightful in the freshness of her youth and musical enthusiasm, sat at a PIANOS grand piano, having for her audience a stately lady of middle age, seated near the window, and several ladies and gentlemen standing respectfully round the youthful performer. When the piece came to an end, on a sign from the elder lady, the company dispersed. GRANDS was Queen Victoria of England with her favourite daughter Beatrice, now Princess Henry of Battenberg, who were enjoying the unequalled summer freshness of Axenstein. After the enthusiastic Englishmen and the rest of the company had retired, I stepped into UPRIGHTS the deserted Garden Saloon, and approaching the open Grand, whose rich tones had lately so moved me, read the Name, "JULIUS BLUTHNER," upon it.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

AGENTS—BOMBAY AND POONA.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

[ESTABLISHED 1862.]

Assurances on every sound and approved Plan effected on most Favourable Terms.

PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY
DURING 11 YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1894.

Year.	New Assurances.	Net Premium Income.	Invested Funds.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1883	87,18,240	16,45,648	53,22,048
1894	1,09,16,794	33,98,357	1,80,52,078

It will thus be seen that in Eleven Years the Net Premium Income has more than doubled, whilst the Funds show an Increase in a still larger proportion, which remarkable expansion affords convincing testimony of Good Management and Successful Working, and promises splendid results in the future.

CHIEF AGENTS :—W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., BOMBAY.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY

(ESTABLISHED 1797).

THE PHŒNIX FIRE OFFICE OF [illegible]

(ESTABLISHED 1782).

THE LANCASHIRE INSURA[illegible]

(ESTABLISHED 1850).

THE STRAITS INSURANCE CO., SINGAPO[illegible]

As Agents of the above First-class Offices, we are p[illegible]
LIFE, FIRE and MARINE RISK[illegible]
Terms on Application to. W. & A. GRAHAM & C[illegible]

BAHADUR CIGA[illegible] CONUNDRUMS

Q.—WHY are BAHADUR CIGARS like the names of Popular Men?
WHY are BAHADUR CIGARS like Venus?
WHY are BAHADUR CIGARS like Happiness?
WHY are BAHADUR CIGARS like Charity?
WHY are BAHADUR CIGARS like the Sun's Rays?
WHY is a smoker of BAHADUR CIGARS like an Ancient Divinity?

A.—BECAUSE everyone's
BECAUSE is often clouds.
BECAUSE have too [illegible]
BECAUSE sion bring peace to [illegible]
BECAUSE the world
BECAUSE bliss on a cl[illegible]

SOLE MANUFACTURERS, BAHADUR CIGARS,
McDOWELL & CO.,
MADRAS.

THE ST. JAMES'S BUDGET

(LONDON).
AN ILLUSTRATED REVIEW AND RECORD OF NEWS.
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE AND INTERESTING PICTORIAL PAPER FOR
ENGLISH PEOPLE RESIDING ABROAD.
EVERY FRIDAY. SIXPENCE.
PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED.

SOME SHORT OPINIONS OF THE PRESS :

"In every respect it is credit to English pictorial journalism."—"Daily Telegraph."
"A better sixpenny worth is not to be found anywhere."—"Evening News and Post."
"Certainly nothing better of the kind has been produced."—"Star."
"An ideal production of illustrated journalism."—"Birmingham Gazette."
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The ST. JAMES'S BUDGET will be sent direct from the Office to any part of India or the Colonies for 27s. per annum, including Postage. A Special Foreign Edition, printed on thin paper, is supplied at 22s. 6d. per annum. [illegible] are payable in Advance, [illegible] to H. [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on TUESDAY, the 13th August, being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments' Act, 1881.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Bombay Gymkhana will be held in the Pavilion, on MONDAY, the 12th August, 1895, at 1 P.M.

MADRAS RACES,

5TH, 8TH, 10TH AND 12TH OCTOBER, 1895.

OWNERS are reminded that the SECOND ENTRIES CLOSE on the 15th instant.

For Programmes see C. T. C. Calendar of June 27th, No. 5, and "The Asian" of June 31st.

W. T. HAMILTON HOLMES,
Secretary, Madras Races.

ROYAL WESTERN INDIA GOLF CLUB.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GOLF TOURNAMENT will be held at Nasik, from 16th to 21st September, 1895, both Days inclusive.

By Order,
J. W. CLARKSON,
Honorary Secretary, R. W. I. G. C.

NOTICE.

MARKETS and SLAUGH-

COPIES of the [illegible] WS in English, made by the [illegible] City of Bombay, under the [illegible] HOUSES BY-[illegible] Municipal Act, [illegible] Corporation or [illegible] Government, [illegible] Section 68 of the [illegible] Bombay Act No. III. of 1888 [illegible] confirmed [illegible] Act, can be obtained [illegible] the City of Bombay, or [illegible]

[illegible] H. SNOW,
[illegible] Municipal Commissioner [illegible] the City of Bombay.

[illegible] toria University, [illegible]

[illegible] will be forwarded [illegible]

[illegible] ENCE, and LAW; [illegible] MEN.

[illegible] EVENING CLASSES, [illegible] can also be obtained of—

[illegible] ARTMENT of ENGINEERING.
[illegible] DEPARTMENT of LAW.
[illegible] DEPARTMENT of PUBLIC HEALTH.
VII.—DENTAL DEPARTMENT.
VIII.—PHARMACEUTICAL DEPARTMENT; and
IX.—A LIST of FELLOWSHIPS, SCHOLARSHIPS, EXHIBITIONS, and PRIZES.

Apply to Mr. CORNISH, 16, St. Ann's-square, Manchester; or [illegible] College.

HENRY WM. HOLDER, M.A.,
Registrar.

THE SIVAGANGA ZEMINDARY DEBENTURE RUPEE LOAN, 1895.

1,500 Bonds of Rs. 500 each, carrying half-yearly Coupons Payable to Bearer.

Area of the Estate, 1,660 square miles; Population, 450,000 souls.

Annual Revenue about Rs. 8,50,000; Government Rent, Rs. 2,57,000.

SOLICITORS.—Messrs. BAILEY, MORGAN and ORR, Madras.

AUDITORS.—Messrs. LOVELOCK AND LEWES, Chartered Accountants, Calcutta.

BANKERS AND TRUSTEES FOR DEBENTURE HOLDERS:—COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK, LIMITED.

The Terms of the Bonds are as under, bearing Interest from the 1st July 1895, Principal and Interest being payable at any of the Offices of the Bank:—

Series.	Bonds.	Bearing Interest	Due 1st July.	To be Redeemed at par.
	Rs. 500 each	at p. c. p. a.	A. D.	per Bond.
A.	200	6	1896	Rs. 500-0-0
B.	200	52	1897	" 502-8-0
C.	200	54	1898	" 507-8-0
D.	200	54	1899	" 515-0-0
E.	500	5	1900	" 525-0-0

The Bankers are authorised to afford any information required.

ROBT. G. ORR,
Resident Lessee, Sivaganga Zemindary.

NOTICE.

IT is intended to give all PRINTING WORK, now being done at the Government Printing Press, Baroda, by Contract for a period of Two Years in the event of the measure being sanctioned by the Huzur.

Those desirous of competing can obtain full information by applying to the Superintendent, Government Printing Press, on office days during office hours.

Tender Forms can be obtained on payment of a Fee of One Rupee British Currency.

Tenders will be received by the President of the Har-raji Committee—the Subha, Baroda Division—till 12 o'clock Noon (Madras time) of the 26th of August, 1895, in the Military Offices, Baroda.

The Tenders should be filled in on an understanding that they are not final, but that they are invited at this stage for ascertaining only the lowest rates for Printing Work, &c.

In the event of these Tenders not being found satisfactory, the Committee will cause a Public Auction to be held twice without any further process being had thereafter.

Tenders should be accompanied by a Deposit of Rs. 1,000 British, either Cash or Currency Notes.

JAISINGRAO ANGRIA,
Sir Subha.

Baroda, 8th August, 1895.

[illegible]'S PROCLAMATION.

[illegible] COURT OF JUDICATURE [illegible]AT BOMBAY.

[illegible]GINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

[illegible]T No. 474 OF 1893.

[illegible]B, of Bombay, Mahomedan [illegible] at Memon Wada Road, [illegible] within the Island of [illegible]Plaintiff.

[illegible]VERSUS

[illegible] Bombay, Mahomedan [illegible] at Memon Wada [illegible]ed within the Island [illegible]ORDAS HURRIDAS, [illegible]g at Vadachi Gadi, [illegible]t of Bombay.....Defendants

[illegible]ANLAL L. SHROFF,
[illegible]VERSUS
[illegible]OLA JEEWA.

[illegible]n Order made in the above [illegible]y of January, 1895, it was ordered [illegible]ola Jeewa, should forthwith pay to [illegible]hroff the sum of Rs. 85-10-0, being [illegible]t of his Attorney and Client taxed [illegible]e costs of and incidental to the [illegible]said Order.

[illegible]nt of Sale, dated the 25th Day of [illegible]ombay was directed to Sell all [illegible]f the Defendant, Abdoolla Jeewa [illegible]l the Said Warrant mentioned.

[illegible]Emsion and Tax land or ground, [illegible]ge, tenement or dwelling-house [illegible]ying and being without the Fort [illegible] Bombay, at the Eastern side of [illegible]Registration District of Bombay, [illegible]e occupation of the said Abdulla [illegible]ssed by the Collector of Assess- [illegible] and Street No. 303 and 307, con- [illegible]177 3-9 square yards or there- [illegible]Books of the Collector of Land [illegible]new No. 1826, old survey No. 2713, [illegible] which said land, hereditaments [illegible]the name of the said Memon, [illegible] books of the Collector of Land [illegible], and bounded as follows:—On [illegible]assage, on the West by the said [illegible]forth by the house of Sooleman [illegible]y the gully and beyond that by [illegible] Abbookhan.

[illegible]ed and notified that on FRIDAY, [illegible]95, at the hour of 3-30 o'clock in [illegible]of Bombay will under and by [illegible]of Sale put up for SALE by [illegible]e premises, to the highest bidder, [illegible]ht, title and interest of the said [illegible]and premises or messuage there- [illegible]e satisfaction of the said Order. [illegible]nd of the said Warrant.

[illegible]s rights, charges and claims to [illegible] premises are supposed to be

[illegible] Revenue for Annas Two.

[illegible]ann given through their munim, [illegible]s an Indenture of Mortgage, [illegible]s between Abdoolla Jeewa and [illegible]ad Oonkarjee Maneckchand for [illegible]at 9 per cent. per annum from the

[illegible]ajee under an Indenture of [illegible]ember, 1894, for Rupees 1,000 and [illegible]'cent. per mensem from 15th

[illegible]nat the Court does not Warrant the [illegible]above description of the premises nor the [illegible]said Defendant to the same or to any interest

Should the said Defendant have no saleable interest whatever in the lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovementioned Mr. Maganlal L. Shroff has not obtained permission to bid at the Sale.

Of the price of the lot One-Fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser, the Remainder of the purchase money must be paid by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth Day after the Sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as Deposit will be forfeited to Government and the lot will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the Office of the Sheriff.—Dated this 9th Day of August, 1895.

G. W. ROUGHTON,
Sheriff of Bombay.

MR. MAGANLAL L. SHROFF,
Attorney for the Defendant Abdoolla Jeewa.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India.

Petition for Probate of the Last Will and Testament of GUNGABAI, Widow of TOOLSIDAS LILADHAR, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, Deceased.

MADHAVJI VIRJI, one of the two Executors named in the Will.....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed Deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness, CHARLES FREDERICK FARRAN, Esquire, Chief Justice of Bombay, aforesaid, the 8th Day of August, in

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 230 Military Messes and 69 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	London.
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AYALA AND Co.	Château d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
DESBORDES ET FILS.	Avize.
COLIGNY FRERES.	Rheims.
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LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON AND Co.	Madeira.
BUTLER NEPHEW AND Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
VAN ZELLERS AND Co.	Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Wor[illegible]
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	[illegible]ms.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE AND [illegible]	Bordeaux.
[illegible]CKBURN [illegible] Co.	Marsala.
[illegible] & CAMPBELL.	Leith, N. B.
JAMES CATHCART AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
J. & R. GRANT.	Rothes, N. B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
W. E. EDDISON & Co.	London.
GOVERNMENT CELLARS.	Budapest.
MAX GREGER & Co.	Budapest.
Jos. DIETZL.	Budapest.
JAMES HAWKER AND Co.	Plymouth.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Cotes d'Or.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
C. A. LINDGREN & Co.	Stockholm.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
T. P. GRIFFIN & Co.	London.
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Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

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BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.....£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,103,875
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£554,907 10s.
HEAD OFFICE, 40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

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The Bank Negotiates and Collects Bills and Grants Drafts Payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank Receives Deposits on the following Terms:—

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Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the Minimum Monthly Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 100,000. Sums over Rs. 100,000 will be received on Terms to be ascertained on Application.

FIXED DEPOSITS,

on which Interest is allowed as under, viz.:—

If fixed for Six Months.....4 per cent. p. a.
Do. Twelve Months.....4½ per cent.
Do. Two or Three Years.....5 per cent.

Deposits are also received for Shorter Periods, the Rates for which can be ascertained on Application. The Bank will effect the Purchase or Sale of Indian or other Securities, receive Pay, Pension Dividends and Interest Free of Charge if the Moneys are remitted in its own Drafts. The Bank undertakes the safe Custody of Indian Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of Government and other Banks, &c., and receives Interest and Dividends on the same on the following Terms:—

If paid in India.....Commission ¼th per cent
On Delivering up Government Paper or Shares from Safe Custody } " ¼th "
On Paying Proceeds of Sale of Government Paper or Shares in India } " ¼th "

J. K. MOIR,
Manager.

Sighthouse Circle, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND.....£160,000

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Delhi, Rangoon, Mandalay, Tuticorin, Kandy, Newera Eliya, Zanzibar, and Aden.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

W. H. BEDDY,
Acting Manager.

CRÉDIT LYONNAIS.

(ESTABLISHED 1863.)

CAPITAL..... Fcs. 200,000,000 =£8,000,000
RESERVE FUND.. Fcs. 40,000,000 =£1,600,000

BOMBAY BRANCH: ESPLANADE ROAD.

CENTRAL OFFICE: PARIS. HEAD OFFICE: LYONS.

BRANCHES in all principal Towns of France and Algiers,

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THE CREDIT LYONNAIS, BOMBAY BRANCH, sells Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on all parts of the world, negotiates and collects Bills and Coupons on all English and Foreign Towns.

Issues Letters of Credit.

Exchanges Foreign money, executes Investment orders in Securities on all Indian, English, or Foreign Stock Exchanges, and gives information when required on Securities dealt in on the Leading Stock Exchanges.

Receives Securities for safe custody, and accepts responsibility for same, except against irresistible force, that is to say, "force majeure." Safe custody commission at 1-10 per cent. per annum. No charge on withdrawal. ¼ per cent. Commission on collecting interest.

Grants advances in current account, or for fixed periods, on Rupee paper, approved stock shares, bullion, and produce.

Opens deposit accounts, allowing interest at 1 per cent. per annum on the daily balances, or at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances, but no interest is allowed on sums over Rs. 1,00,000.

Receives fixed deposits for 12 months at 4 per cent. p. a.
" for 6 months at 3 per cent. p. a.
General Banking Business transacted.

COMMERCIAL & LAND MORTGAGE BANK (LIMITED).

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....Rs. 25,00,000
RESERVE FUNDS AND [illegible]T... " 10,46,454

HEAD OFFICE: [illegible]ADRAS.

BRANCHES:
BOMBAY AND RAWAL[illegible]DEE

BANKERS & AGENTS throughout INDIA [illegible] COLOMBO, & in LONDON. EDINBURGH & [illegible]

LOCAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—
HON'BLE [illegible]RAMJEEBHOY GORDHANDAS KHATAU

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....Yen 6,000,000 = Rs 1,20,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....4,500,000 = " 90,00,000
RESERVE FUND.....3,928,000 = " 78,56,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
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LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT, and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learned on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

M. TOSHIMA,
Agent.

Sirdar's Palace, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, 9th March, 1895.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$
Reserve Fund.....$ 100,00,000
Reserve Liability of [illegible].....$ 50,00,000
COUNCIL OF [illegible]t Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000

[illegible]T OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

T. JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*

London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

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E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
F. D. BARNES, Esq., (Managing Director, P. & O. S. N. Co.

EWEN CAMERON, } Managers.
G. E. NOBLE, }

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Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent. per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.

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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Clyde, with the English Mails of the 26th inst., expected to arrive at Daylight.
Football Match, Cooperage, 5-30 p.m.
Bombay Gymkhana Regatta Final, Mahim.
Music at the Esplanade Bandstaad (weather permitting), 6 p.m.

CRICKET.

Poona Hindus vs. Bombay Gymkhana.
Municipal vs. Islam Gymkhana.
B. V. A. vs. Y. M. C. A.
Ordnance vs. R. I. Rifles.
Parsee Gymkhana vs. Parsee Colts.
R. V. R. vs. R. I. Rifles.
Bombay H. S. L. Association's Cricket Match, finishing of the first round.

TO-MORROW.

CRICKET.

Parsee Gymkhana vs. Parsee Colts.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The steamer Bahaduri entered the dock on Thursday, and the steamers Naseri and Lorenzo yesterday, the steamers Douro and La Seyne left it yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The steamer Byculla entered the dock on Thursday, and the steamer Dwarka yesterday, the steamers Pekin and Maria Valerie left it yesterday.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.—There will be a practice game between the Bombay Gymkhana and Raugers' Football Clubs, this evening, at 5-30 p.m. sharp. All members of both Clubs are requested to turn out.

FREE GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the month of July was 4,227, daily average 136, total of new admission 1871. Parsis—1,133, Hindus 577, other castes, 16; number of children vaccinated, 63.

VURJIVANDASS MADHAVDASS CHARITABLE DISPENSARY AT SION.—During the month of July the numbers of patients (beds) were treated in this dispensary was 2,431. Among them the number of new admissions was 518, and classified as stated below:—Hindus, 424; Mussulmans, 37; Parsees, 11; Christians 30, and other caste, 9. The average daily attendance was 78·6.

MUSIC AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—By kind permission of the Officer Commanding and Officers the Band of the 1st Battalion, R. B. & C. I. R. V. Rifle Corps will perform the following programme at the Esplanade Bandstand, at 6 p.m. (weather permitting):—

Irish Lancers	D'Albert.
Overture	Masaniello Auber.
Spanish Cardens	Wyer.
Selection of Scotch Melodies	Cavallini.
Waltz	Wieser Kindor.
Cradle Song	Von Wieger.
Marche Romaine	Gounod.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

COMPLAINT AGAINST A SHIP'S MASTER.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Captain Mathias, of the steam-ship Cam, appeared before Mr. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, in reference to a complaint made against him on the previous day by George Mitchell and five other able seamen, of the steamer, and stated that they had offered a bonus of Rs. 40 for each of the seaman, provided they signed clear of the articles here. The captain also undertook to provide for their expenses, while they were detained in Bombay, until such time as he secured passages for them home, or provided suitable employment. The magistrate remarked that under the Merchants' Shipping Act seamen were only entitled to their wages up to the time they worked on board. His Worship thought the captain's offer generous, and asked the seamen to accept it, leaving the question of wages to be settled in England. The seamen having consented to accept the terms, the captain left the court in company with Mr. Walker, the Shipping Master, who was also present in court.

CAPTURE AND CONVICTION OF THIEVES.—Before Mr. Sanders-Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Superintendent Sweeny and acting Inspector Robertson charged Moorji Bechar, Vithal Jadowji, Purshotum Bechar, and Pranshunker Sundarji, with theft of gold and silver ornaments and sundry articles, of wearing apparel, of the aggregate value of Rs. 2,006, the property of Cursondas Khairpal, a Hindu merchant, residing at Wadni Gadee. It appears that about 4 o'clock, on the afternoon, of the 29th ultimo, the complainant fastened the door of his room, [illegible] returning home in the evening, found the door open, and on going in about half-an-hour, he found the sundry articles missing, in discovered that his safe had been forcibly opened, jewellery abstracted therefrom, and [illegible] lying scattered about on the floor. He then reported the matter to the police, and in a few minutes Inspector Robertson proceeded to the house, and after making inquiries, arrested the first accused, who lived in an adjoining room, and on searching his person discovered two silver armlets, belonging to the complainant. The accused No. 2 and 3, in the meantime, made their escape, but were subsequently arrested at Surat, the authorities thereof having informed him of the circumstances. The fourth accused who also arrested, but no property was found in his possession. The magistrate convicted the first two accused on a charge of theft, and the third on a charge of receiving and retaining stolen property, and sentenced them to six months rigorous imprisonment each. The fourth accused was discharged for want of evidence.

AN INTERESTING PRESENTATION AT VICTORIA TERMINUS.

A MEETING of employes in the office of the Chief Engineer and other departments of the G. I. P. Railway was held, yesterday, at the drawing office, at the Victoria Terminus, for presenting an address, with a silver salver and a silver flower stand, to Mr. Harricband Sadashivjee, first class assistant engineer, who retired on pension after a service of forty-five years. Mr. H. Wendon, chief engineer, presided, and there were also present—Messrs. G. D. Marston, personal assistant to the chief engineer, S. Gore Brown, auditor; O. Chalk and W. L. Shaw, assistant auditors; S. Chart, cashier; J. F. Hewker, accountant, chief engineers' office; J. G. Hordhis, assistant accountant; W. Crawford, &c. The room, in which the presentation took place, was prettily decorated with bunting, ever-greens and palm leaves. Mr. Sadanand Shivshunker, head clark in the correspondence branch, read the following address:—

To Harrichund Sadashivjee, Esq., J.P., A.M.I.C.E., 1st Class Assistant Engineer, G. I. P. Railway, Fellow of the Bombay University, Fellow of the Imperial Institute, London.

Dear Sir,—We, the undersigned members of the engineering staff of the G. I. P. Railway Company, assistants, clerks, and draughtsmen of the Chief Engineer's Office, desire to express our sincere regret at your retirement from the Railway Company's service. Your connection with this Company dates from February, 1850, almost from the commencement of our railway undertaking, and with the exception of about six months, you have now served this railway for a period of forty-five years, a period for which it has been the privilege of very few to serve a Railway Company, and it is a matter of great pleasure to us all that during this long period you have evinced the greatest interest in your work. The high opinions entertained by the Professors of the College where you received your engineering education, of your attainments and abilities, have been fully verified in the zeal, efficiency and steadiness with which you have performed your duties in this office. The chief engineers, who have been at the head of this department from time to time, have borne ample testimony to the excellent work you have done to the office. We note with great satisfaction that you have, with the former chief engineers, borne the brunt of the very first work that was done by them in surveying a very large tract of the country including the Ghats, and that your labours, in connection with this work, were highly commended by them. Your work in the office, which consisted in preparing designs and estimates of large works, such as station-buildings, bridges, viaducts &c., bus, we are glad to find, always met with the approval of the chief engineers. We are also happy to note that the relation of chief engineers and their personal assistants towards yourself have always been of a most cordial nature. The draughtsmen, working immediately under you, owe a deep debt of gratitude to you for the very kind treatment they have all along received at your hands, and they avail themselves of this opportunity to tender you their sincere and heart-felt thanks for the excellent manner in which you have directed them in their labours. We fear to assure you that you have, by your amiable disposition and uniform courtesy, endeared yourself to all of us, and we may venture to say that we have at all times profited by your advice and assistance. That you may carry with you in your retirement the remembrance of those who have so long associated with you for so long a time past, as well as of those who have joined the office in recent times, we regret that you will be pleased to accept this silver salver and flower stand, and a photograph of our group, which latter will always keep fresh in your mind the memory of all of us. In bidding you farewell, we earnestly wish that you may enjoy a happy life in your retirement and be spared for many years to come. With best wishes for yourself and family.

The chairman, in presenting to Mr. Harichand the address which was beautifully engrossed on vellum and the salver and the flower-stand, remarked that he gave them with pleasure and with sorrow—pleasure at having the satisfaction of performing the pleasing duty of presiding on such an occasion, and sorrow at having to part with a valuable assistant, who he had known for a long time. To these remarks he might be added his firm belief from what he personally knew of the sentiments prevailing in the office, that every word of what had been stated in the address was sincere and true. The chairman joined the Company's service at a time when Mr. Harrichand was in the zenith of his reputation as an engineer, who had established, and when Mr. Harrichand was in a position to judge of his work, although latterly the positions was reversed; and it was the (the chairman) who had to judge of the work of Mr. Harrichand, whose qualifications, aptitude, and capacity for the carrying out of his duties were pre-eminent.

Mr. Harrichand made an appropriate reply to the address. Garlands and bouquets of flowers were then distributed; thanks were voted to the chairman; and the proceedings terminated with three cheers for Mr. Harrichand.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE TRANSFERS AND APPOINTMENTS.

JULY 28.—Engineer R. Jenson, Foreman of the Factory, Bombay, Dockyard, has been appointed to R. I. M. S. Investigator, vice Engineer S. R. Stevenson, R. I. M. S. Canning, appointed Foreman, vice Mr. Johnson.

August 2.—Sub-Lieutenant A.G. Bingham, R. I. M. S. Canning, proceeded on 15 days' privilege leave,

A PLEADER AND HIS CLIENT.

AT the Small Causes Court yesterday, the case in which Toolsidas Fooloomal sued to recover a sum of Rs. 22 from Mr. Sorabji Framji Billimoria, a pleader practising in the court, came on for hearing, before Mr. C. M. Cursetji, Third Judge. Mr. Murzban, barrister-at-law, appeared for the plaintiff, while Mr. Dinshaw Davur, barrister-at-law, with Mr. Cowasji Setna and Nusserwanji, pleaders, appeared for Mr. Murzban. The court was crowded to its utmost capacity by pleaders, who took a great interest in the case.

The case was throughout attended with peculiar and humorous incidents, and to many of those present, including the court, that was a real treat. Indirect personal attacks being occasionally indulged in to the delight of the audience. Mr. Murzban showed a judicious calmness throughout, and treated the attacks levelled against him with indifference. Mr. Davur for the defence submitted that the claim was not disputed for the sake of Rs. 22, or to satisfy petty spite or jealousy against somebody; the defence being actuated by a desire to have the case settled once for all in the interests of the whole circle of pleaders. Mr. Davur then related the facts of the case in which Mr. Billimoria was engaged by the plaintiff, but Mr. Murzban disputed its accuracy, and challenged Mr. Davur to prove what he had said by the evidence of the Second Judge before whom the case had been heard. Mr. Davur continued to make certain assertions unpleasant to the counsel for the plaintiff, who strongly objected to Mr. Davur indulging in statements, which he would not substantiate, and remarked that they were simply made for publication in the papers only. Mr. Davur disclaimed any intention of shining in the papers, observing that perhaps nobody was more anxious than Mr. Murzban to figure in the papers. Mr. Davur then called Mr. Manockshaw Talyarkhan and Mr. Gujanan Nilkunth, both pleaders of the High Court of a very long standing, enjoying very large and lucrative practice to show that it was the custom amongst the counsel to accept briefs, through solicitors or pleaders and that if a client first engaged a pleader to conduct a case, and then gave the brief to a counsel directly without consulting him he would refuse to instruct the counsel if he had good reasons to do so, and would not return the fees. Mr. Nilkanth also said that no respectable counsel would accept the brief from a client if there was a pleader already engaged to conduct the case. Mr. Atmaram Jagannath Kirtikar, one of the oldest pleaders, having a very large practice in the court, cited instances in which he had refused to conduct cases, because the client wanted to force on him the association of a certain counsel, or because the client engaged a counsel directly. During the cross-examination of Mr. Atmaram, Mr. Murzban said something about a case, in which he was instructed Mr. Nusserwanji, pleader, who jumped up and denied that he had ever instructed Mr. Murzban.

The following is a further report of the proceeding:—

Mr. Davur, continuing his address for the defence, hoped that this time they would have less of wit and personal squabbles, and more of questions at issue in the case. The client was not fighting for the sake of Rs. 22, he was not fighting to satisfy petty spite or grudge against somebody; but he was actuated by a desire to have the question raised in the capacity of a client settled permanently. The questions at issue were first whether the instructions were withdrawn or not, and secondly whether under the contract Mr. Billimoria was entitled to anything more than one rupee. He submitted in the first place that instructions were withdrawn from Mr. Billimoria; papers being taken away from him. It was absolutely false that the papers were subsequently returned to Mr. Billimoria. The plaintiff was a liar, and for this very good reason that he told something to Mr. Billimoria which Mr. Murzban said was untrue. Whatever feelings existed before between Mr. Murzban and Mr. Billimoria, still the learned counsel hoped that the former would not hesitate to give preference to the statement of Mr. Billimoria over the statement of his opponent. When he questioned the plaintiff about the fees paid to Mr. Murzban, his answers were misunderstood. He wished to show that what had been stated to them by the plaintiff was false. On the 24th July 24 when the case in which Mr. Billimoria argued—

Mr. Murzban: I beg your pardon. It was not then argued at all.

Mr. Davur continuing said that his instructions were that the case was argued then. When it was called on for hearing on the 24th Mr. Murzban said that he appeared for the plaintiff. If Mr. Billimoria could retained the papers Mr. Murzban would have made a great fuss then in the court, and made a detention, but it was evident that they had been taken away by the plaintiff. Papers were not of sluchest importance to them. They had no interest to detain them as they were the property of—

The Judge: What happened on the 24th.

Mr. Davur said that Mr. Smetham, who appeared in the case applied for [illegible] postponement. Mr. Murzban then appeared for the plaintiff, who was defendant in that case.

Mr. Murzban said that it was not so. When Mr. Billimoria said that he was not in the case, which he refused to conduct, he only then said that he appeared in the case.

Mr. Davur My instructions are that when the case was called on, Mr. Murzban jumped up, and said that he appeared with Mr. Billimoria.

Mr. Murzban said that he would be forced to go into the witness-box, and contradict on oath Mr. Davur's assertion.

Mr. Davur said that it was not an edifying spectacle to see a junior barrister made his own cheque. It ought to have some value, and that it should not be battered about in that fashion. He failed to see why Mr. Murzban made it his ambition or honour to be making the case of self-defence, and never attacked his profe-sional character, and his personal honour was absolutely immaterial so far as the defence were concerned. What they commenced upon was a mere matter of manners and professional etiquette. It was as clear as daylight that Mr. Murzban was engaged in the case, or else he would not have appeared in the court on the 24th, to be had no other case that day before the Second Judge. And if he deliberately said that he did not appear in the case until Mr. Billimoria refused to conduct the case in court, then the unpleasant task in which he was engaged must have been purely under contemplation on the 24th. It was quite unprofessional to accept briefs from a client when there was a pleader already engaged in the case. Mr. Billimoria had no option but to conduct the case, which there was not the slightest need of a counsel.

The Judge: Supposing the instructions were not withdrawn.

Mr. Davur: We were most happy to carry them out. What Mr. Murzban says is inaccurate.

Mr. Murzban: It is quite accurate. I shall ask Mr. Davur to substantiate what he says by calling the Second Judge as a witness.

Mr. Davur: I am prepared to call the Judicial Clerk and Interpreter of the Second Judge to contradict on oath Mr. Murzban's statement. It was expected that notwithstanding his protests, Mr. Murzban made all this personal, and persisted on taking oath in the witness-box. Mr. Davur said that for his own sake Mr. Murzban ought not to take an oath, because the evidence of the two witnesses would contradict him.

Mr. Murzban said that the witnesses were in court, and should be ordered out. He submitted that the proper gentleman to be called was the Second Judge. (Laughter.)

Mr. Davur said that it would be cruel to deprive them of the fun in this case, and the benefit of the arguments and forensic eloquence of the counsel. (Laughter.) But as at present he had nothing to contradict he did not propose to call them as witnesses. Mr. Billimoria's oath would be amply sufficient for the purpose. Mr. Davur then proceeded to remind the Court that in a certain case Mr. Murzban was instructed by a certain pleader, who for certain reasons gave it up. Mr. Murzban then turned round on the pleader, and accused him of going round to the other side.

Mr. Murzban strongly objected to what he called sweeping allegations on the part of the defence, stating that he would ask Mr. Davur to either prove or withdraw the same. He believed there were no debts, Hormusji and Dinshaw; and the second defendant by Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Mr. Shamrao.

Mr. Russell read to the court the report of the meeting convened by order of the High Court on the 21st ultimo, under the presidentship of Mr. Kalifkhoroo Framjee Mody, to take the opinion of the caste on four questions drawn up by Mr. Justice Starling (details of which we have already published), and requested his Lordship to give judgment in favour of the plaintiff as applied for in the 1st and 2nd paragraphs of the plaint.

His lordship asked Mr. Lowndes whether he wished to go on with the hearing in respect of the two other questions, but he declined to do so. Else his lordship gave a decree for the plaintiffs. Order that the 1st and 2nd defendants deliver up possession to the plaintiffs and the 3rd defendant of the caste property, and all the moveable property of the caste in their possession. Order that the 1st defendant account for his management of the caste property and of the rents and income, and to pay to the plaintiffs the amount that may be found due, such account commencing from 17th February 1888, and with the sum of Rs. 47-7-3 then due from the 1st defendant. Declare the 2nd Defendant released from all liability to account, and the plaintiffs entitled to the sum of Rs. 683 paid by the 2nd defendant into court. The 1st defendant to pay his own costs of the suit and half of his own costs of the rule. The plaintiffs' costs of the suit and the order of the 18th July, 1895, and the costs of the hearing and of the rule to be paid out of the funds of the caste. The 2nd defendant to have her costs of the suit out of the caste fund. And the 1st defendant to pay to the 2nd defendant her costs of the day of the 14th June, 1895.

A CORRESPONDENT who has peculiar sources of information assures the *Army and Navy Gazette* that Field-Marshal Lord Roberts has been offered the office into which, if Mr. Campbell-Bannerman's programme be carried out, that of the Duke of Cambridge will merge on October 1, and that his lordship has refused it. In that connection it may be thought that Lord Lansdowne's influence would be exerted to secure the services of such an able Chief of the staff; but Lord Roberts is above all things an Indian officer, of the Indian artillery too, and it would be crediting him with superhuman intelligence and knowledge to believe he could take up the tangled reins of the Pall-mall coach and keep the horses in hand when he gets on the box. Then again, it is the general idea that it needs a very good all-round officer of the Regular Army to grasp the conditions of our home and colonial Service and intricate workings, not to speak of Militia, Yeomanry, and Volunteers. Lord Wolseley has turned up from the North Sea at a very interesting moment in our military metamorphic stage, and it would seem from the expression attributed to him at the public meeting where he received the freedom of the Burgh of Kirkwall that his lordship has arrived in good spirits, for otherwise he would scarcely have expressed a hope that he would never do anything to cause Kirkwall to regret that they have conferred such an honour upon him. Everyone will hope that Viscounts Peel will live to enjoy many an anniversary of the red-letter day on which he became a burgher. But it is equally possible that Sir John Pender's pious wish that he may be spared to leave a greater mark on the progress of the world than he has done can be realised. *Quos regio in terris nostri non plena laboris?* Where have I not laid down submarine cables, would like to know?

ADDRESS TO MR. JUSTICE TYABJEE.

A MONTHLY meeting of the Anjuman-i-Islam of Bombay was held on Wednesday, at the Anjuman-i-Islam Madressa Hall, Hornby Road, to present an address of congratulation to the Hon. Mr. Justice Budrudin Tyabjee, the president of the Anjuman, on his elevation to the Bench of the Bombay High Court, when a large number of the members of the Anjuman was present. Amongst those present were the Hon. Mr. Justice Budrudin Tyabjee, Mr. Currimbhoy Ibrahim, the vice-president, Mr. Abdulla M. Dharamsi, Mr. Fatehali Shaik Ahmed, hon. secretaries, Messrs. Ahmedbhoy Hubibbhoy, Noor Mahomed Jafarbhoy, Najmudin Tyabji, Dawoodbhoy Moosabhoy, Shaik Adam Yusufbhoy, Nawabzada Nusrulla khan, Amirudin Tyabji, Haji Jan Mahomed Haji Yusuf, Haji Mahomed Haji Ismail, Drs. Ismail Jan Mahomed, Khwaja Abdulla, and Gulam Sarwar. Messrs. Rahmoobhoy Alibhai Munji, Gulam Hoosein Alibhai Munji, Khursed Hussein Tapi-h, Shaik Faizulabhoy T. A. Naiim, Haji Ibrahim Haji Mahomed, Haji Ibrahim Haji Osman, Mian Mahomed Haji Jan Mahomed Chonai, Gulam Hasan Haji Murai, Sarafaly Mamooji, Haji Tyab Haji Abboo, Haji Sattar, Mahomed Akbar Haidari, Haji Ismail Mahomed, Haji Osman Haji Abba, and several others.

The address which was nicely illuminated and encased in a finely-chased silver casket of Cutch work was written in the Urdu language and character. The following is an English translation thereof:—

To the Hon. Mr. Justice Budrudin Tyabji.

Respected Sir,—We, the members of the Anjuman-i-Islam of Bombay, desire to take this opportunity of expressing our gratification at the honor conferred upon you by Government by nominating you to the honorable post of a Judge of the High Court, and of heartily congratulating you on the same. It is a source of deep gratification to the Anjuman that the appointment has given a universal satisfaction to all the various communities of India, and has met with unanimous approbation from the entire Press of this country, both English and Native. This circumstance affords a strong proof that his Excellency the Governor has succeeded in making the best possible selection. At the present time when the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Ranade holds a seat on the Bench of the High Court your appointment, while it is a special boon to the Mussulmans, because it shows that whenever a suitable opportunity occurs Government are not unwilling to confer appointments of this kind upon qualified and deserving natives. It is for this reason that his appointment has given so much satisfaction to all the communities of India, and if the Mussulman community is peculiarly gratified by your appointment, it is because it is such gratification and pride are legitimate. The community feels that by the honor conferred by Government upon you the whole Mussulman community is honored. Further as the Anjuman is concerned it has special reason for priding itself on the compliment it has received, because the appointment has been conferred on one who is not only a leading and respected member of the community held in great esteem, but is one whom it has been the privilege of the Anjuman to have as its president for several years past, and who has rendered very valuable services to the Anjuman and to the community as a whole. We do not think it necessary to recount here the valued services you have rendered and have been pleased to render to the Anjuman and to the community in general, because they are too well-known, and need no recapitulation at our hands. We shall content ourselves by saying that the Mussulman community is by no means unmindful thereof. The whole community is greatly indebted to you for your untiring exertions to promote their welfare. Two years ago when you were offered an appointment on the Judicial Bench on account of ill-health you did not find yourself in a position to accept it, great disappointment was felt by the Anjuman. We were afraid lest such an opportunity might not occur again, but now we must heartily and sincerely thank Almighty God that such an opportunity did occur, and that too within a short time. The wishes of the Anjuman have now been fulfilled, and perhaps in a better manner. The vacancy that was first offered to you for the reason by the lamentable death of the late respected Mr. Justice Telang. It was a vacancy to which a Native was entitled, but the present vacancy was caused by the retirement of the Honorable Mr. Justice Bayley and the appointment was that of a Barrister Judge. That the choice of Government should have fallen upon you out of the whole bar is no small honour, and if by reason of these considerations the Anjuman takes a greater pride in your appointment such pride is only natural and legitimate. We again congratulate you on your appointment, and pray to God that you may be given a long and [illegible] life, and that you may long live to enjoy this honour.

CARIMBHAI IBRAHIM,
Vice-President.
ABDULLA M. DHARAMSI,
FATEHALI SHAIK AHMED,
Honorary Secretaries.

August 7

Mr. Abdulla M. Dharamsi opened the proceedings. He said that on the elevation of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Budrudin to the Bench of the High Court the managing committee of the Anjuman met to consider what steps should be taken to mark the Anjuman's gratification at the honour conferred on its president and its appreciation of the action of H. E. the Governor in nominating Mr. Budrudin to the High Court Judgeship. It was resolved to write a letter to Government, conveying the Anjuman's appreciation of the honour done to Mr. Budrudin, and thanking his Excellency for the same. This letter was forwarded, and had been duly acknowledged. It was further decided that an address of congratulation be presented to the Hon'bleMr. Budrudin on behalf of the Anjuman, and that an evening party be given in honour of the occasion. The members of the managing committee were duly communicated to Mr. Justice Budrudin, and in reply he informed the secretaries that while greatly prizing the honour which the Anjuman proposed to confer upon him by presenting an address he felt that his wishes would be better consulted if the address was not formally presented to him in public but was sent on to him, and no reply expected. The managing committee, however, thought that if the Anjuman's desire to present the address at a public meeting of the Musaulman community could not be carried out. Mr. Budrudin should at least obligo the Anjuman by receiving the address at an ordinary monthly meeting of the body, and in the presence of the members only. To the evening party Hon'ble Mr. Budrudin Tyabji had no objection, and accordingly invitations had been issued for a party, on Tuesday, the 13th instant, to which the leading members of the other communities had also been invited. Mr. Dharamsi then eulogized the various services rendered by the Honorable Mr. B. Tyabji to the Anjuman and to the community at large, and then read the address. The address was then put into a casket and presented to Mr. Budrudin by Mr. Currimbhoy Ibrahim, the vice-president, who also put a superbgarland round Mr. Budrudin's neck, and gave him a large bouquet.

Mr. Dinshaw, Messrs. Anderson, Mulla Feramjee and Dinshaw, appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. Rivet-Carnac instructed by Mr. Bowen, of Messrs. Little, Nicholson, Bowen and Acworth, represented the defendant.

His lordship in giving judgment, said: In this case a preliminary objection is taken to the jurisdiction of the Court under clause (*b*) of section 18, the Small Cause Court Act. The suit is by an assured against his underwriters on a policy of insurance in landing and reloading the rest of the goods saved while through all-god stress of weather, the "padow or patimar" was forced to a ek refuge at the port of Goa.

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His lordship in giving judgment, said: In this case a preliminary objection is taken to the jurisdiction of the Court under clause (*b*) of section 18, the Small Cause Court Act. The suit is by an assured against his underwriters on a policy of insurance in landing and reloading the rest of the goods saved while through alleged stress of weather, the "padow or patimar" was forced to seek refuge at the port of Goa. Mr. Carnac's principal objection to the suit is that the adjustment and adjudication of claims arising under Policies like the one in question had been specially excluded by the Legislature from Small Courts, and that the Policy being on an English printed form similar to the form adopted at Lloyd's was on the vessel and the goods and not on the goods only. Mr. Dinshaw contended that the suit fell within the words "goods, wares, merchandise, and live stock" in clause (*b*) of section 18 of the Act. The plaintiffs were represented by Messrs. Anderson, Mulla and Scott, instructed by Messrs. Little, Nicholson and Bowen; the first defendant was represented by the Acting Advocate-General, Mr. Macpherson, and Mr. Lowndes, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir, Hormusji and Dinshaw; and the second defendant by Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Mr. Shamrao.

Mr. Russell read to the court the report of the meeting convened by order of the High Court on the 21st ultimo, under the presidentship of Mr. Kalifkhoroo Framjee Mody, to take the opinion of the caste on four questions drawn up by Mr. Justice Starling (details of which we have already published), and requested his Lordship to give judgment in favour of the plaintiff as applied for in the 1st and 2nd paragraphs of the plaint.

His lordship asked Mr. Lowndes whether he wished to go on with the hearing in respect of the two other questions, but he declined to do so. Else his lordship gave a decree for the plaintiffs. Order that the 1st and 2nd defendants deliver up possession to the plaintiffs and the 3rd defendant of the caste property, and all the moveable property of the caste in their possession. Order that the 1st defendant account for his management of the caste property and of the rents and income, and to pay to the plaintiffs the amount that may be found due, such account commencing from 17th February 1888, and with the sum of Rs. 47-7-3 then due from the 1st defendant. Declare the 2nd Defendant released from all liability to account, and the plaintiffs entitled to the sum of Rs. 683 paid by the 2nd defendant into court. The 1st defendant to pay his own costs of the suit and half of his own costs of the rule. The plaintiffs' costs of the suit and the order of the 18th July, 1895, and the costs of the hearing and of the rule to be paid out of the funds of the caste. The 2nd defendant to have her costs of the suit out of the caste fund. And the 1st defendant to pay to the 2nd defendant her costs of the day of the 14th June, 1895.

THE DEVIL UP TO DATE.

THE popular contemporary conception of Satan is of a highly successful man of the world. It is admitted that there are shady spots in his past history, that he has done some things that he should regret, that he is a hazardous associate and an unsafe person to have transactions with.

But conversely it is realised that he is rich, powerful, and attractive, and intimately concerned and interested in promoting the material prosperity of the human race. He is known to be full of enterprise and public spirit, disposed to make things pleasant, and powerful in carrying the enterprises with which he is concerned to a profitable issue.

It is true that he is understood to be unscrupulous, but it is felt that success excuses very much, and that when an individual has attained a position which enables him to be useful to the public it is a mistake to be over-nice about rejecting his good offices because in early life, when his necessities were more pressing, his methods or affiliations were not always such as a conscientious person could approve.—*Scribner.*

THE capital for the building of the Jungfrau Railway is to consist of nine millions of francs—five millions in shares and four millions in obligations. Of this capital several millions have already been deposited at the large banks. Plans ready been deposited at the railway are finished, for the first portion of the railway are finished, and it is proposed that next month the laying of that portion of the line from Scheideg to Eigerglatscher will be begun, and in three months be nearly completed. In view of the undertaking of the building of the Jungfrau Railway, artists in all branches of art are busy with views of the neighbourhood of the Jungfrau group of mountains for the Geneva National Exhibition.

THE LATE MR. FRAMJI DINSHAW PETIT.

THE popularity of the late Mr. Framji D. Petit could not have been more strikingly exemplified than in the fact, that yesterday morning, when his funeral took place, more than three thousand Parsees attended it, and nearly fifteen thousand operatives from the nine mills, which are under the agency of the Petit family, lined the two sides of the Nepean Sea Road from the Gowalia Tank to "Petit Hall," Malabar Hill. The funeral took place about half-past 8 a.m., and long before that hour, Parsee ladies (who occupied the inner rooms of the house) and gentlemen arrived there, and took their seats in all the available space in the bungalow. The funeral service having been performed as usual by a pair of priests, in the presence of the immense assemblage, a procession was formed to follow the bier, the chief mourners being Sir Dinshaw M. Petit, Bart., Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart., C.S.I., Mr. Bomanjee D. Petit, Mr. Jejeebhoy Framjee Petit, the Hon. Mr. N. M. Wadia, C.I.E., and among others were Mr. N. M. Wadia, C.I.E., Shams-ul-Ulma Dustoor Khan Bahadoor Heshunjee Jamaspjee Jamasp-asana, (high-priest of the Deccan) Shams-ul-Ulma Dustoor Dr. Peshotun Byramjee Sanjana Dustoor, Dr. Jamaspjee Manockjee Jamasp-asana, Dustoor Cursetjee Bajunjee, Dustoor Pherozejee, Mr. Eyramjee Jeejeebhoy, Mr. R. N. B. Jeejeebhoy and other members of the Petit and the Jeejeebhoy families and many others. The boys of the J. N. Petit Parsee Orphanage also attended the funeral, and accompanied it to the Tower of Silence. Most of those who formed the procession followed the bier to the Tower of Silence, there to have a last look at their late esteemed friend. After certain other prayers had been said by priests for the quiet repose of the soul of the departed, the whole assembly returned to Petit Hall, and showed their sincere sympathy for Sir Dinshaw Petit and the members of his family. During the progress of the funeral procession, the road was kept clear by a number of mounted police, European constables, and native sepoys. In the evening a large number of Parsees, Hindus, Mahomedans, Jews, and Europeans paid visits of condolence to Sir Dinshaw and his family. This afternoon the third-day's funeral obsequies will be solemnized at Petit Hall, in the presence of those who sympathize with the relatives of the deceased gentlemen and of priests who will be invited to participate in the solemn ceremonial. At the Tower of Silence all Parsee priests, resident in Bombay, were asked to be present to say prayers, and to receive money presents from Sir Dinshaw Petit and from Bai Dinbai N. Petit, aunt and mother-in-law of the late Mr. Framjee. In various parts of Guzerat and the Deccan, and in Calcutta, and Madras, where Sir Dinshaw's charities are well-known, the third-day's funeral prayers will be said in conformity with the Zoroastrian religion.

As a mark of the respect to the memory of the deceased gentleman, all places of business with the management of which he was connected, and all educational and other institutions, of which he was a member of the managing committee, or in which he took a warm interest, and which he supported with his purse, were closed yesterday. The nine mills, of which Messrs. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit Sons and Co., are the secretaries, treasurers, and agents, were closed; and so were the mills, managed by Messrs. Nusserwanjee Manockjee Petit Sons and Co. The share bazar, for a wonder, during which Sir Dinshaw has made handsome contributions, was also closed. The schools of the Parsee Girls' School Association, of which the deceased was the president, were closed; and so were the schools of the Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Parsee Benevolent Institution, of the committee of which the deceased was a member. The Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit Gymnasium, to which the deceased evinced great interest, was also closed. The Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, of which Mr. Framjee was an active member of committee, was also closed; and so were the offices of the Bombay Flour Mill Company, Limited, of which he was a director. The Oriental Life Assurance Company, Limited, the Cercle Littéraire et Bibliothèque Dinshaw Petit, of which Mr. Framjee was a member, the Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit Parsee Orphanage, which was founded by his late father-in-law, were also closed. At a meeting of native cotton merchants and brokers held yesterday, at the Cotton Exchange Rooms, Colaba, deep regret was expressed at Mr. Framjee's death; and it was resolved to close the Exchange yesterday in respect for his memory.

CARIMBHAI IBRAHIM,
Vice-President.
ABDULLA M. DHARAMSI,
FATEHALI SHAIK AHMED,
Honorary Secretaries.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE JARDINE and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE RANADE.)

A DOCUMENT WITH A FALSE DATE.

IMPERATRIX VS. GANESH BHIKAJEE THAKUR AND ANOTHER.

THESE were applications for revision of the decisions of Mr. H. L. Harvey, Assistant Sessions Judge at Ratnagiri, who, on the 14th February last, convicted the first accused of forgery of a valuable security and sentenced him to rigorous imprisonment, while the second, Ramchandra Raghojee Laud, was convicted of using as genuine a forged document and was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for three years. Mr. Dharamsi appeared for Mr. A. G. Moriarty, Sessions Judge, who dismissed the appeals. Mr. G. B. Thackur and Mr. G. K. Deshmukh appeared for the accused.

Before the commencement of the enquiry before the mamlatdar of Deosad, the second accused applied to have certain lands entered in his name, but the application was subsequently rejected. The accused, then, and ever since, had been obstructing the complainant's cultivation of the land, and a suit was filed against them. In some further litigation, the accused produced a receipt in support of his claim, which was the document in question. On a report which was alleged to have been made by the police, the first accused was called as a witness on behalf of the second, and he stated that he was managing Khot of the village, &c. The mamlatdar entertained strong suspicions regarding the genuineness of a document which the first accused produced at the time he was called before him, and got him to sign a declaration. The mamlatdar then wrote his report, which was to the effect that the complainant; and having sent a report to the Collector, he gave his sanction for the prosecution of the two accused on the charges on which they were tried and convicted. Jardine, J.: The first accused was convicted both the accused and sentenced them as stated above.

Mr. Justice Jardine, in giving the decision of the court, said: The Sessions Judge has decided that it may be forgery under the Indian Penal Code to make a document fraudulently with a false date, when the date is a material part of the document, although the document is not one required by authority, by statute between the persons by and between whom it purports to be made and executed. It has been argued that this is a wrong interpretation of section 464, clause 1. We cannot see any objection to the words—"or at a time at which he knows that it was not made, signed sealed or executed," are to be read distributively, and are not governed by the preceding words by or by authority," words which are illustrated by illustration. This view is supported by Sir B. Peacock's remarks in Maharajah Mohesinr Bux Sing Bahadoor vs. Bhikha Chowdry, 5 W. R. Cr. Ref. 1, and by Lock, J., in Queen vs. Lookmoy Ghose, 10 W. R., Cr. R., 2. This interpretation makes the Penal Code accord with the law of England as interpreted by Mr. Stiatie, in his H.C.C., digest, where all the authorities on the present point are considered. It was next urged that the courts below have adjudged this case on mere probabilities and not on legal evidence, and thus contravened the well known principle of the law, illustrated in Section 101 of the Indian Evidence Act, that the burden of proof lies on the Crown in a criminal case not at all on the prisoner. Section 105 of the Code of Criminal Procedure also requires the presumption of innocence, and is the matter of the petition of Dhunno Kazi and another I. L. R. 8 Cal. 121, followed in Cr. R., 4, of the 24th January, 1894. This contention appears to be sound as regards the first prisoner Ganesh. The proper issue was whether beyond reasonable doubt the prosecution had proved that the receipt had been antedated with intent on the part of the writer to commit a fraud. Unless the evidence was sufficient to enable the court to judge rather than conjecture, the prisoner ought not to have been called upon for his defence. Imperatrix vs. Vajiram, I. L. R., 19, Bombay, 414. He has been convicted on the ground that as the second prisoner admitted that the document in the year to which the receipt relates the document must be fraudulent. But this finding about tenancy is chiefly based on statements made by him in proceedings in litigation and otherwise which are not evidence against Ganesh. The conviction and sentence passed upon him must therefore be reversed and the prisoner acquitted. As regards the prisoner Ramchandra the materials are somewhat more perplexing for a Court of Revision. The weight of the previous

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IVORY BILLIARD, POOL and PYRAMID BALLS. The Rains having set in we recommend Billiard Players to provide themselves with the above. A large stock of the same always kept in stock—JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 18, Marine Street.

SEEDS! SEEDS!!—Sutton's, in hermetically closed boxes. Vegetable, at Rs. 5, Rs. 10-8, and Rs. 22. Flower, at Rs. 5, Rs. 7-8, and Rs. 10-8.—PALEKAR and Co., Seedsmen, Crown Road, Bombay.

TRY OUR ICES.—The Most Delicious Cream Ices. Two kinds everyday. Orders for Moulds executed at Short notice, and sent to any part of Bombay. Full need Rashes.—FELICE CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing Confectioner, 53, Medows Street, Bombay.

CHOICEST KANGRA VALLEY TEAS.—Finest Orange Pekoe, Rs. 1-4 per lb. Extra Fine Orange Pekoe, Rs. 1-4 per lb.; and Assorted Orange Pekoe, Re. 1 per lb. Imperial Family Mixture, As. 14 per lb.—MORTON, MAJU & Co., Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

FOR SALE, two GALVANIZED IRON TANKS. Can be joined or disjoined in two hours. Size of each 20 ft. by 8 ft. by 4½ ft.—ROYAL THEATRE, Grand Road.

TO BE SOLD, by CRAWFORD and Co., THIS DAY, at 1 P.M., at Apollo Street, opposite Share Bazar, by order of the Mortgagee, neat Household and Shop Fixtures, Piano, Safe, Plateware, etc.

DANTRA'S GROUND MOCCA COFFEE, ½ lb. Tin, Re. 1-4; ¼ lb. Tin As. 10-6; and ½ lb. Tin, As. 5-6.—This Coffee is Daily roasted and ground from the finest Mocca Berries in the latest pattern Closed Cylinders by experienced hands under our Own Supervision, and scientifically packed in Air-tight tins, the fine Aroma is preserved. Its unrivalled purity, freedom from any adulteration, richness in flavour, full strength, and uniform quality distinguish it from other Coffees sold in the market. The world and increasing demand it has obtained since its introduction is a sufficient proof of its superior quality and moderate price.—N. B. DANTRA and Co., Fort, Bombay.

WANTED, at once, a MESSMAN for the Club of Western India. Apply to the Honorary Secretary, Club of Western India, Poona.

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WEAVING MASTER'S Situation at the Colaba Land and Mill Company, Ld., will be VACANT shortly.

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HEAD PRESSMAN, WANTED.—A Competent Head Press-man, who thoroughly understands Wharfdales. Address "X.," care of this Office.

PEARSE & Co.'s Prices for Oilman's Stores are the Cheapest. Fresh Consignments received every Fortnight. Goods not approved can be returned. Ask for New Price List. Please note the Only address:—SIRDAR'S PALACE, Fort, Bombay.

CLEARANCE SALE of Extensive STOCK-IN-TRADE of P. M. MODY & Co., Shipchandlers and General Merchants, Apollo Street, Bombay.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE!! 400 days striking REGULATOR CLOCK, in Splendid Marble Case, Striking Hours and Half-hours.—CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, 42, Medows Street.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.—I have resided in the Alexandra Hotel for a short time, viz., 10 days. Before, I stayed at the Royal Hotel, Managon, the same Proprietor, Mr. Pestonji. I always found every kindness, best of attention, civility from servants, and in fact cannot find words to express how highly I think of all. (Sd.) A. J. FITZHERBERT, formerly Pro., Byculla Hotel.

CARRIAGES ON HIRE.—First Class and very Comfortable CARRIAGES of all kinds, with excellent Horses, can be had on Hire, by Day or Month, at the LIVERY STABLE of MR. PESTONJEE EDULJEE SHROFF, Pleket Road, Bombay. A Trial Solicited.

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THOUSANDS die by Snake-bites, but Thousands of Parsees Patients have been saved by BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS. Surgeon-major A. S. G. Javakar, Civil Surgeon, Muscat, says #—I have used Batliwala's Ague Mixture with success. Surgeon M. E. Recorder, 19th Regiment:—I have found Batliwala's Ague Mixture very efficacious, &c., &c. C. Greenagrass, Esq., Manchester, Texas, W. Works:—Found it of wonderful efficacy. Rao, Esq., in charge Tunnels, Godhara:—I consider it a marvel. Mrs. Temple, Bellary:—It is a sure cure for malarious fever. P.J. Daly, Esq., Chief Steward, S. M. Railway:—Gold it a remedy for Ague. Send your Orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Wadi, Dadar, Bombay. May also be had of KEMP & Co.; TARACHERS & Co.; PHILLIPS & Co.; and DANTRA & Co., at Re 1.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS, done in VERSE, after the manner of various other great Poets, by W. E. H. PRICE. Re. 1-8 Postage Annas 4.

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TIMES satisfied. E. Dixon, of Twickenham, says that since last 26 years he has been using SINGER'S MACHINES, and had 5 different machines from them, to him, and was always satisfied, and could never get better satisfaction than this.

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DR. N. H. GHEESTA, OF THE CHICAGO COLLEGE OF DENTAL SURGERY, AMERICAN DENTIST, No. 63-67, ESPLANADE ROAD.

DR. GHEESTA Leaves Bombay for a Fortnight or so, for Up-country, as his Professional Services are required by a Chief in Kathiawad.

JULIUS BLUTHNER LEIPZIG. THE BLUTHNER PIANOFORTES ARE THE MOST PERFECT PIANOS IN THE WORLD.

THESE Pianos are specially built to withstand the Climate of India, the wood used being solid and the most seasoned, while a solid Iron frame extends over the wrest block. Though LOW PRICED, these HIGH-CLASS instruments stand HIGHEST in the estimation in Western Civilization. The Factory is the largest of Europe, manufacturing no less than 3,000 Pianos every year, or one Piano in every working hour of the day. These Pianos have also a grand reputation for EXCEPTIONAL SWEETNESS and RICHNESS of tone, their perfect and never-failing mechanism, delicacy of touch, and the length of time they keep in tune, which is twice or thrice as long as any other Pianos, is an important advantage to Mofussil Residents. JULIUS BLUTHNER is the "Holder of 15 Patents" and "Distinctions. Their Aliquot-Pianofortes has been patented throughout Europe and America. Pianos by the above maker are received monthly by the SOLE AGENTS, and they are offered at Manufacturer's Prices "plus" freight. The Sole Agents invite Inspection of these superbly Grand, Rich and Brilliant-toned Pianofortes.

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HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

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"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL" Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability [illegible] loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness [illegible] of the eyes, &c., being a mild tonic in their action they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, at 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILCOX & Co." on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.

AGENTS WANTED FOR INDIAN INDUSTRY; Being a Reprint of Two Letters to the "Bombay Gazette," As a Lecture By BEAUCLERK; Price 8 annas. CAN BE HAD AT THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE." [illegible] THACKER and Co., Ld., [illegible] THACKER, SPINK and Co., [illegible] TIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

SALES BY AUCTION. MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY, No. 22, APOLLO STREET. [illegible] OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, [illegible] CHINESE AND WELLERY, &c., &c. [illegible] Y, the [illegible] instant, at 1 P.M., will sell by Public Auction, at [illegible] the household furniture, [illegible] chairs, sofas, tc and [illegible] side boards, mirrors, kerosine [illegible] steamers, chests of drawers, [illegible] pianos, sewing machines, cloth [illegible] and single iron and wooden bed[illegible] of diamond rings [illegible]

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The s. s. Mount Hebron, 1,668 tons Captain R. T. Robertson, sailed yesterday for Gibraltar cargo (for orders) with a general cargo.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's s.s. Byculla, 1095 tons, Captain J. G. Bowaina, which arrived in harbour on the 8th instant from Karachi 5th august brought a general cargo.

The Wilson Line s. s. Lorenzo, 2,031 tons, Captain B. Rogers, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hull 6th July, with general cargo. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Finlay Muir and Co.

The B. I. S. N. Co's s.s. Dwark 697 tons, Captain J. C. Tice, arrived in horbour yesterday from Karachi 7th August with a general cargo and the following passengers Mr. Haughton, Mr. Bonner. Mr. and Mrs. Keys, and three children Mr. Hadson and 118 deck.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMER LASEYNE, 1,151 tons, Captain F. Etienne, cleared yesterday for Aden via Karachi, with a general cargo and the following passengers. Mrs. G. Davies, Dr. and Mrs Francis, Rev. A. G. G. Boivin, Mr. D. J. Dismocs, Mr. A. Burodi, Mrs. Sisley and six deck.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—AUGUST 9.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
A	Clan Maclean	1486	Alexander	Not fixed		P Muir
P	La Seyne	1151	Etienne	Aden	9-8	M Maritime
H	H M S Magdala		Goodridge	Royal Indian Marine		
R	& J Tennaserim			Royal Indian Marine		
K	Bahadur	829		Keysar		Shepherd & Co
S	Satrunji	585				Shepherd & Co
M	Schooner Columbus	231	Junghan			V Ebrahim & Co
N	Akbar	1441	Baldwin	Mauritius	10-8	H C Jooma

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shd.	Vessels.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
1	Byculla	1095	Bowman	Not fixed		M M & Co
2	Karamania	2044	McGarvie	Liverpool	17-8	Grahame&Co
3	Singapore	2431	Saparit	Genoa	20-8	C Barbaro
4	Letimbro	2172	De Marco	China	9-8	C Barbaro
5	Shannon	2048	Cooper	London	22-8	P & O S N Co
6	Europa	1845	Barchers	Karachi	10-8	Glade & Co
9	Khedive	2131	Daniel	China		P & O S N Co
10	Cam	1320	Mekin	Yokohama	14-8	Tata & Sons
13	Aston Hall	2220	McKee	Liverpool		E Bates & Co
15	Kola	498	Whitehead	Karachi	10-8	M M & Co
16	Etheigonda	2736	Goding	Antwerp	12-8	K Nixon & Co

MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.

Brahmani	1015	Not fixed	Shepherd & Co
Sabarmati	1015	Not fixed	Shepherd & Co

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
8	Byculla (s)	Bowain	Karachi, August 5.
9	Dwarka (s)	Tice	Karachi, August 7.
	Lorenzo (s)	Rogers	Hull, July 9.

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
9	Letimbro (s)	Demarco	China.
	Douro (s)	Bernard	Marseilles.
	Maria Valerie (s)	Vidos	Trieste, &c.
	Pekin (s)	Longhorne	London, &c.
	Mount Hebron (s)	Robertson	Gibraltar.

The steamer LaSeyne, Captain Etienne, obtained her port clearance yesterday for Aden via Karachi.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—Steamer Lorenzo for Hull via Karachi. " Simla, for Persian Gulf via Karachi.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

Shannon (s), 2030, Crowe
Karamania (s), 2045, McGarvie
Etheloonda (s), 1725, Goding
Aston Hall (s), 2254, McFee
Singapore (s), 2132, Saparill
Maria Valerie (s), 2244, Vidos
Mount Hebron (s), 1663, Robertson
Khedive (s), 2132, Daniel
Cam (s), 1930, Mathias
Skuld (s), 913, Rafen
Bayce (s), 1151, Etienne
La S[illegible] (s), 1520, Borchors
Europa (s), 2078, Mackenzie
Strathord (s), 2299, Greggans
St George (s), 2299, Bevis
Clan Alpine (s), 1493, Alexander
Indrani (s), 3236, Burkill

GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.

R I M S Canning, Holland
R I M S Dalhousie, Barwick
R I M S Investigator, Oldham
R I M S Nancowry, Kendall
R I M S Warren Hastings, [illegible] ridge
H M Transerim, Goodfellow
H M S Assaye, Cave.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS. Aug. 9 Bhundara s. ... Clarke ... Bombay, July 27. City of Khios s. .. Kinloch ... Liverpool & Antwerp, June 24. Rauenthaler s. .. Frerichs ... Hamburg, July 6.

DEPARTURES. August 5.—Steamer D'Arratoon, Kpear, Liverpool, Baroda, Mahammadi [illegible] Steamer (shewing M [illegible] 29), and ship Brenda.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Aug.			
7	Paltana s		Negapatam.
7	Secundra s		Singapore.
	Korbela s		Rangoon.

DEPARTURE. Aug. 5 Africa s. ... Colombo.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 8.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Karamania s—60 bales wool, Dayall Khimjee; 32 bales wool, L Shamjee; 26 bale wool, Cooverjee Vasonjee; 9 bales cotton, B Brady and Co.

Aston Hall s—2,020 cwts wheat, Isaac Writht and Co; 2,709 cwts oil cake, Thos H Moore and Co; 235 bales wool, G Tooldidas; 15 bales wool, Jeena Valley; 17 bales silk waste, V Appia; 330 cwts coir yarn, G Namsee; 600 cwts turmeric, K Khoobhai.

FOR LONDON.

Shannon s—16 bales hides, Edward Bates and Co.

Pekin s—3,000 cwts castorseed, Rall Brothers; 4 boxes gold bars (Rs 3,54,000), Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.

LaSeyne s—2 boxes gold bars (Rs 2,59,000), The Camptoir National D Escompte de Paris; 14 cwts ivory, L Ebram.

FOR GENOA.

Aston Hall s—1,000 cwts gram, 1,200 cwts mowraseed, and 1,838 cwts linseed, Rall Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

LaSayne s—2 boxes silver coins its 5,670, and gold coins (Rs 22,500, The Credited Layonnais.

FOR ANTWERP.

Ethelgonda s—2 bales hemp, Tyabjee and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Lotimbro s—45 cwts sabarus, 15 cwts senna leaves, and 14 cwts jardaloo, Quan Lunvao; 50 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon; 3 cwts peacockfeathers, M Dawoodbhoy; 25 bales twist, Yan Shum and Co; 1 bale twist, and 100 bales cotton, Sassoon J David and Co.

Cam s—200 bales twist, J A Wadia; 95 bales twist, H Lukhmichand.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Cam s—200 bales twist, H Pestonjee; 102 bales twist, and 78 bales piece goods, The Svadeshi Mills Co.

FOR KOBE.

Cam s—100 bales cotton, Latham Abercrombie and Co; 500 bales cotton, Tata and Co; 700 bales cotton, Dinshaw D Currance and Co; 228 bales cotton, Joormul Huribux.

AUGUST 9.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Karamania s—32 bales wool, G Radhakisen; 6,000 cwts wheat, Rall Brothers; 76 bales cotton fly, Luckmidas Fakir.

Aston Hall s—2,023 cwts myrabollams, Sewjee Ramjee; 2,519 cwts myrabollams, Khoji Gomsey; 75 bales wool, Jadhowjee Carra; 501 cwts myrabollams, Wazji Bacher; 6 bales wool, Molodina Lailjee; 100 bales wool, C Naojee.

Pekin s—5½ cwts ivory, Ludhabhoy Ebram; 8½ cwts ivory, Keeswal Narandass.

Shannon s—3 cases condiments, Eduljee M Joshi.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Karamania s—2,700 cwts poppyseed, 4,419 cwts linseed, 18,000 cwts gram, and 5,300 cwts castorseed, Rall Brothers.

FOR ANTWERP.

Ethelgonda s—201½ cwts myrabollams, Toeppen and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Aston Hall s—2,000 cwts linseed, and 2,030 cwts rapeseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR LEGHORN.

Singapore s—2,000 cwts linseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Cam s—50 bales twist, R Luckmichand.

DAILY IMPORTS.—AUGUST 9.

FROM GLASGOW.

Clan Maclean s—75 cases whisky, and 35 cases gingerwine, Jamsetjee Framjee.

Asia s—101 cases whisky, Eduljee Bezonjee.

Clan Munroe s—9 cases whisky, James Pearse and Co.

Aston Hall s—9 cases plate glass, T Ebramjee; 104 kegs bicarbonate of soda, G Allibhoy.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Bengal s—17 cases medicine, cheese, &c, Treacher and Co; 29 cases oilmenstores, &c, Cowasjee Dadabhoy; 5 cases musical instruments, Messrs Rauchander and Bros.

Leander s—27 cases loof sugar, &c, and 12 cases candles, &c, Army Navy and Co-operative Society.

FROM HAMBURG.

Banda s—8 hogsheads nisthylated spirit, Johangir Sorabjee.

Europa s—64 cases glassware, F Sumsoodin.

FROM CHARENTE.

Adon s—25 cases brandy, H A Hormarjee.

FROM GENOA.

Singapore s—2,750 pieces marble tiles, M Moolchand and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.

Vindobona s—3 hogsheads rectified spirit, D Cowasjee.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Bengal s—5 cases provisions, Treacher and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—AUGUST 5.

Wyatt, Lieut, Bo, R A, recalled from general leave.

AUGUST 6.

Empson, Lt-Col, Bo, R A, from leave, from Satara.
Pringle, Capt, Bo, Unattached List, on leave, from Deolali.

AUGUST 8.

Wright, 2nd Lt, Bo, R I Rifles, to rejoin, from Ahmedabad.

AUGUST 9.

Steanbenzee, Col, Ms, on retirement, from Madras.
Neelson, Lt, Bengal, 2nd High L I, on leave, from Fyzabad.

DEPARTURES.—AUGUST 8.

Trevor, Lieut, Bengal, 2nd High L I, on leave, to England.
Mackenzie, Lt-Col, 2nd Bo Grenadiers, on furlough, to England.
Macpherson, Lt-Col, Bo, I S C Corps, on furlough, to England.
Towsey, Capt, Bo, West York Regt, to rejoin, from Garrison class, to Aden.
Stranbonzee, Col, Ms, Comdg Ms Dist, on retirement, to London.

PROVINCIAL GAZETTE.

(N.-W. P. and Outh Gazette, August 3.)

MR J H Harrison, Magte and Collr, Aligarh, Special leave on urgent private affairs out of India for four months.

Surg-Capt L E Anderson, A M S, to the civil medical charge of the Mutra District in addition to his other duties.

Vice Surg-Capt G H Fink, whose services have been replaced at the disposal of the Govt of India.

Surg-Capt C C Manifold, at present employed in the Rampur State, whose services have been placed permanently at the disposal of this Govt by the Govt of India, Home Dept, to be Civil Surg, 2nd class, and to be seconded in that class.

Surg-Maj G N Gillies, offg Civil Surg to be Civil Surg, 2nd class, with grade station Jhansi.

Surg-Capt J M Crawford, offg Civil Surg, to be Civil Surg, 2nd class, with grade station Azamgarh, but to continue to officiate as Supdt, Central Prison, Benares.

Lieut R R Vaughan, I S C, 22nd Punjab Infy, whose services have been placed temporarily at the disposal of this Govt by the Govt of India, Home Dept, to officiate as Cantt Magte, Allahabad, vice Capt G B Crawley, granted furlough.

MR H J Bell, offg Jt Magte, Aligarh, to officiate as Magte and Collr, Aligarh vice Mr J H Harrison granted leave.

Mr C W Hope, Settlement Officers, Bara Banki, to officiate as Supdt, Central Prison, Benares.

Mr E A [illegible] Mr J O Miller.

Mr [illegible] Asst Magte and Collr, to officiate as Jt Magte, 2nd [illegible] an existing vacancy.

Mr J R [illegible] Magte and Collr, Musaffarnagar, on being relieved by [illegible] Allahabad, to revert to offg Jt Magte Bulandshahr.

Mr C W Whish, Magte and Collr, on being relieved by Mr Wyer, from Meerut to Muttra [illegible]

Captain Robert Rutherford [illegible] four months' leave.

Lieut-Col Arthur Henry Harris, Commr, leave for three months.

Mr B Athim, Asst Engr, 1st grade, on return from furlough, posted to the charge of the Aligarh Div, Ganges Canal.

Mr F F Elom, Asst Engr, 2nd grade, is appointed to the charge of the Etawa Canal Div, vice Mr C F Evans, Ex

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, AUG. 9.

THE Indian Council allotted two lakhs of extra Bills on Calcutta yesterday at 1 7-32d.—an advance of 1-32d. on Wednesday's regular allotment rate. The Exchange Bank's buying rate in London on India at 30 days' sight remained at 1s. 1d. Consols in London were 1-16 per cent. yesterday, at 107 1-16, and Indian Sterling Loan declined ¼ per cent. to 116¼. Three and a-half per cent. Rupee Securities were 1-8 per cent. higher, at £69⅜. The price of Bar Silver declined 1-16d., say to 30½d. per oz.; and in New York, the metal was 1-8 cent lower, at 66¼ cents, per oz., with demand Exchange on London ¼ cent less, at 4·90½ dollars. French Rentes in Paris were unchanged, at 102¼; Paris Exchange on London was two centimes higher, at fcs. 25·27½.

At 58 per cent. of the Liabilities, the Reserve of the Bank of England bore the same proportion of the Liabilities, as was the case a week ago, according to the weekly Return issued in London yesterday. The Bank rate remained at 3 per cent.; and the Market rates of discount on short London Bills were ¼ and six months' sight Indian Bank Paper ¼ per cent, respectively, the former rate having been reduced by 1-8 per cent, yesterday.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady last evening; Surats dull, and Arrivals steady; the Sales having been 12,000 bales; Imports *nil*. The price of spot Mid.-Americans remained at 3 25-32d.; but Arrivals were one point higher, the extreme quotations being 3½d. for August-September deliveries, and 3 53-64d. for December-January. The Manchester market was firmer. The price of Egyptian "Fair" Brown was 1-8d. lower, at 5 7-8d. per lb.

In New York, the price of ready Mid.-Uplands Cotton was unchanged at 7¼ cents per lb.; September Futures being two points higher, at 7·03 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were *nil*.

Our local Cotton market has been closed to-day out of respect to the memory of the late Mr. Framjee Petit.

WHEAT and SEEDS have both been steady markets to-day, a small business being reported in the former and a moderate amount in the latter; but prices in both are all unchanged. The Receipts of Produce into Bombay, yesterday, were as follows:—

Cotton	.....	937 bales.
Wheat	.....	4,576 cwts.
Linseed	.....	944 "
Rapeseed	.....	1,302 "
Castorseed	.....	1,715 "
Rice	.....	1,350 "

FREIGHTS are unchanged; there is no better demand for tonnage; and no fresh transactions have been reported to-day.

EXCHANGE opened with a quiet feeling at 1s. 1 5-32d., for Bank Telegraphic and Demand for August, and 1s. 1 3-16d. for three months' sight Credits; later; and at 1s. 1¼d. for lots changing hands at these two latter rates, the business reported to-day has been very limited either way. The market closed as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 2 5-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 2 5-16d.	"
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 1d.	"
Credits, 3 do.	1s. 1	"
France, 3 do.	139	"

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been quoted nominally at 108 9-16 for Money; but this market as well as the share bazaar has been virtually closed to-day for the same reason as the cotton market.

DIVINE SERVICE.

NINTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY, AUGUST 11.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7—8 a.m.—Morning Choral.—Hymns 176, 313 and 189.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
4-15 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 220, 193 and 209. Magnificat Cooper Ms and Nunc Dimittis.—208 Westminster Anthem.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m. Tuesday and Thursday—Celebration at 7-15 a.m.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST. (Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.)

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Matins (Parade Service) and Sermon.—Hymns 33, 185 and 184.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral) and Sermon.—Hymns 17, 193 and 235.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, ESPLANADE. Service in the John Connon School.

4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
6 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon by the Rev. R. M. Gray.—Hymns 235, 130 and 48. Psalm. 103, v.v. 1-13.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE. (Near School of Art.)

Incombent.—Rev. C. Gilder.
8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 2, 211 and 255.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 247, 236 and 23.
The offertories for church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

7 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon by Rev. A. H. Bowman.—Hymns 275, 312 and 498.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Rev. A. H. Bowman—Hymns 488, 45 and 342.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

8 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
11 a.m.—Holy Eucharist and Sermon by the Rev. Father Kershaw.
10 a.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. Father Biscoe. Alms for the poor.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Litany and Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, and Sermon.—Hymns 166 and 3.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening song and Sermon by Rev. C. Mayhew.—Hymns 477, 231 and 274.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCHES. (Colaba Causeway.)

7 p.m.—Communion.
11 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Rev. G. C. Walker.
Byculla (Victoria Gardens.) English Services.
9-30 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Rev. J. W. O'Brien.
Marathi Services.
10-30 a.m. and 4-30 p.m.—Rev. S. Rahator.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.

6-40 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by Rev. H. Dixon.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCHES.

BOWEN CHURCH, APOLLO BUNDER.

9-30 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m.—Sermon by Rev. H. A. Crane.
6 p.m.—Sermon by C. A. Tighe.

GRANT ROAD CHURCH.

7-30 a.m.—Sunday School.
9-15 a.m. and 6 p.m.—S

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CHINESE MASSACRES.

CABINET MEETING.

LONDON, Aug. 8.

His Excellency Kung Tajen, Chinese Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in London, had a protracted audience with Lord Salisbury to-day.

A meeting of the Cabinet was held immediately after to discuss the massacres in China.

WRECK OF A STEAMER.

SIXTY LIVES LOST.

The steamer Cattersthun, bound from Sydney to Hongkong, has foundered on a rock. Sixty persons were drowned, of whom forty-six were Chinese.

HONOURS FOR COLONEL TALBOT AND MR. MARTIN.

Colonel Talbot has been created a Knight Commander of the Indian Empire.

Mr. T. A. Martin, the Amir's Agent, has been Knighted.

MR. T. A. MARTIN.

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Lord Salisbury wrote an autograph letter to Mr. T. A. Martin, informing him that her Majesty the Queen would confer the honour of Knighthood upon him.

Mr. Martin goes to Osborne on the 12th instant, and will be Knighted by her Majesty.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF FORESTS IN MYSORE.

Colonel Campbell Walker has accepted the Inspector-Generalship of Forests in Mysore, and will leave England shortly.

BRITISH AND SPANISH SQUADRONS AT TANGIER.

It is stated that the object of the arrival at Tangier of British and Spanish Squadrons, is to obtain Consulates at Fez, as France has already secured a similar concession.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, Aug. 8.

The Bombay mails of the 26th ultimo arrived at Brindisi to-day.

SUEZ, Aug. 8.

The s.s. Ganges, with the outward mails of the 2nd instant, left here, at 11 p.m., to-day.

ADEN, Aug. 9.

The s.s. Thames, with the homeward mails of the 2nd instant, arrived here, at 3-30 a.m., to-day.

THE CHITRAL EXPEDITION.

WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 9.

The programme for the evacuation of Bajour is somewhat as follows. General Low's troops at Janbatai Kotal and Khar will be concentrated at Mandah to-morrow. The field hospitals with the sick men will then move across Panjkora. A force, consisting of four and a-half Battalions of Infantry, two and a-half Squadrons of Cavalry, one Battery Mountain Artillery remains at Mundah for four or five days, and then marches out of the country. The bridge over the Panjkora will be maintained, and held with strong reserves on the east bank. When this movement is completed the field force will be reduced to three brigades. General Kinloch will resume command of the Peshawar District, General Hammond taking the Command of the Troops from Jalala to Laram Kotal.

Further withdrawal of troops is contemplated, but this will depend upon the attitude of the tribesmen after Bajour has been evacuated.

SIMLA, Aug. 9.

It is quite possible that the Chitral Field Force will be still further broken up before the evacuation of the country at the end of September.

THE PAMIR COMMISSION.

General Gerard reports all well. The Amir's agent, acting under instructions of his Highness, is ready to work with us in the most friendly spirit, and has so far raised no objections to the proposed route of demarcation.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

Military Department—Colonel A. Grove, Army Staff, to be Colonel on the staff, vice St. John.

Surgeon-Colonel Churchill and Brigade-Surgeon Gallway are brought on the Administrative Staff of the Army, vice Close and Mackey.

The following Officers have been admitted to the Staff Corps:—Lieutenant Harding, F. McConaghey, H. Boke, C. Vickers, and A. Bickford.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hodgeson and Brigade-Surgeon Barry are permitted to retire from the service.

Vice Major-General Battye, Major-General Atkinson is granted Good Service Pension; and vice Major A. Rowe Palmer, Colonel Cóllis, C, B.

Home Department—Mr. C. Hill is confirmed as Under Home Secretary to the Government of India.

Revenue Department—Mr. F. Sly is appointed Under-Secretary, Revenue Department, Government of India, vice Mr. Levinge.

Foreign Department—Surgeon-Captain Jameson is appointed Medical Officer, Political Agency, Goona, vice Surgeon-Major Baker.

Mr. A. Newcombe, Executive Engineer, whose services were lent to the Hyderabad State, is granted furlough to England.

Finance Department.—Mr. Gordon, Assistant Accountant General, Madras, is granted three months' privilege leave.

The Naturalization Act of 1895 to amend the Naturalization Act of 1870 so far as respects children of naturalized British subjects in the service of the Crown resident out of the United Kingdom is published. The new Act comes into force immediately.

Home Department—Surgeon-Colonel Warburton is granted privilege leave from 14th August.

Foreign Department—Several grade changes are notified owing to the cancelling of Captain Minchin's promotion.

Public Works Department—The Secretary has granted a revised estimate of Rs. 14,300,000 for the cost of the construction of the Mari-Attock Railway.

Mr. A. Hughes, Superintending Engineer, is appointed Secretary to the Governor-General's Agent Central India and Rajputana.

Mr. P. Murray, Assistant Traffic Manager, is permitted to retire from the service.

Mr. A. Conley, Deputy Examiner of Accounts, is transferred from Bombay to Madras.

Estimate has been sanctioned amounting to Rs. 43,14,026 for the construction of the Pipri-Kotri Railways.

Mr. P. Duncan, Executive Engineer, is appointed to the Madras-Bezwada Railway.

Mr. S. Lock J. Brown vice Mr. List O. Rushton, and Mr. F. Currey vice Mr. Hodgeson received promotion.

THE AMIR AND THE TRIBESMEN.

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 9.

It is reported at Peshawur that the Amir is sending down a large number of persons, whose presence in Kabul, he considers, undesirable. Their escort is said to be 200 Cavalry. The native belief is that Umra Khan is being sent to India.

THE SIKKIM-TIBET BOUNDARY.

The Government of India is reported to be seriously considering whether the Sikkim-Tibet Boundary party should not be ordered to return at once.

THE POONA DISTRICT POLO TOURNAMENT.

POONA, Aug. 9.

The Poona District Polo Tournament, which was first fixed to take place on Monday next, has been postponed till the following day owing to the ground being not in a fit state to play. Six teams have entered, namely, the King's Own Regiment, the Yorkshire Regiment, the Middlesex Regiment, the Aid-de-Camps team, the Royal Artillery from Kirkee, the Poona Horse, and the 2nd Bombay Lancers.

THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONERSHIP OF BEHAR.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

AKOLA, Aug. 9.

It is believed, on good authority, that Mr. Bhaswandin Kirkar has applied for six months' leave. He is the only native Deputy Commissioner in Behar, and is very deservedly popular.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTN.)

POONA, Aug. 9.

Under instructions from Army Head Quarters, India, Lieutenant-Colonel Macpherson, Staff Corps, is on reversion to military duty, and in anticipation of his services being replaced at the disposal of the Commander-in-Chief in India, placed on General duty at Poona with effect from 31st July 1895.

Lieutenant Hall, Middlesex Regiment, has completed the course of instruction in the Military Accounts Department, Poona, and is reported to be qualified for the appointment of Acting Paymaster.

Lieutenant Cameron, R. E., Assistant Engineer, on transfer to the Bombay Command, is posted to the Quetta Division.

It is notified for information that the library, attached to the Poona Military Society, can be made use of by all officers in Command, on payment of Rs. 2. It is notified that all correspondence and documents in connection with the British Army Schools, which have hitherto been addressed to the Superintendent, Army Schools, should, in future, be addressed to the Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, British Army Schools, Madras and Bombay Commands, Poona.

Intimation having been received from Horse Guards that Major Gordon, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, has been posted to the 1st battalion on promotion, is directed to proceed to England, and join accordingly.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, 2nd Lieutenant Lloyd, Middlesex Regiment, is directed to proceed to England at his own expense, to join the Army Service Corps, to which he has been transferred on probation.

The undermentioned Officer has been granted leave to proceed out of India, on private affairs:—Lieutenant Colonel Macpherson (general duty Poona) for one year, commenced from 7th July, 1895.

The undermentioned Officer is granted leave to proceed out of India, on medical certificate:—Surgeon-Captain Thomson, 14th Bombay Infantry, for 6 months, commenced 24th June, 1895.

Furlough granted to Captain Mathias, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, Bombay, of 10th September, 1894, is extended for three months.

The undermentioned Officer is granted leave out of India:—Surgeon-Colonel Cook, Principal Medical Officer, Nagpore District.

Leave granted to Colonel Fagan, dated 26th July, 1895, is hereby cancelled.

Extension of leave out of India, on private affairs, granted to Lieutenant Gardiner, West Yorkshire Regiment, is further extended to the date of arrival of the Battalion in England.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 8.

The Anchor Line steamer Britannia left here for Bombay yesterday evening.

SUEZ, Aug. 8.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Mackenzie, from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, arrived here yesterday morning.

LONDON, Aug. 8.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora left here this morning.

ADEN, Aug. 9.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Golconda left here this morning.

The Anchor Line steamer Britannia left Liverpool for Bombay on the 7th instant.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Aug. 8.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats dull.

Good Dhollera	3

The Manchester Market has been firmer.

2½ per cent. Consols	107 1-16
3 per cent. Reduced	102½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	116¼
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	59 3-8
Bar Silver	30½.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £38,100,000, unchanged; public deposits, £5,500,000; decrease, £1,100,000; other deposits, £43,000,000; increase, £1,100,000; other securities, £23,600,000; decrease, £100,000; notes and gold, £23,100,000, unchanged. The Bank's reserve is 53 per cent. of the liabilities.

MUNICIPAL INSPECTION AND RUINED HOUSES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The statement made by me before the Standing Committee of the Corporation, on Wednesday last, with regard to the powers of the Municipal officers to inspect and examine houses, has been correctly reported, in substance, in your paper.

The report, however, being brief, the public may not quite understand what powers the Municipal officers possess, as the law at present stands, and I trust, therefore, that you will permit me to say a few words on the subject.

What I told the Committee was that, under Sec. 354 of the Municipal Act, the Municipal Commissioner has power to take action only when it *appears* to him that a house is in a *ruinous condition*, or *likely to fall*.

In like manner, the Commissioner has power, under Section 346 (1), to disapprove of a proposal to put up an upper storey or storeys on an existing building, if he thinks, that by so doing the building will be unsafe. But in neither case has he the power to direct house-owners to make openings in the walls, etc., to admit of inspection being made of the ends of beams, joists, posts, etc., and to ascertain whether such beams, etc., are sound, and of sufficient strength. The responsibility in such matters, at present, rests on the shoulders of the house-owners.

Only the attic of the house, on Thakurdwar Road, which was the subject of discussion at the last meeting of the Standing Committee, was raised some time ago. When the application for the execution of this work was received, all the visible timbers were perfectly sound, but when a portion of the house fell down, it was discovered that a great portion of the woodwork, buried in masonry, was decayed, and this was the principal cause of the fall. The landlord recently, at my request, opened out the ends of the beams and posts in the front part of the building (which is still standing, and which to all external appearance is perfectly sound) and nearly all of them were found rotten.

When the Municipality disapprove of a proposal to add an upper storey over a house, by reason that the same will be unsafe, the onus of proving, in a court of law, that it will be so unsafe, rests on the Municipality. This, of course, it is not possible for them to do, unless and until the hidden portions of the wood-work are laid bare for examination.—Yours, &c.,

MUNCHERJI C. MURZBAN.

Bombay, August 9.

TINNED PROVISIONS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Here in India the consumption of tinned provisions is large, and all consumers are concerned as to their freshness, &c. Considering the sickness often caused by the contents of tins would it not be advisable for the authorities to insist on the year of tinning being imprinted upon the tins? Consumers would then not only know whether the "dabba" was "made in Germany," but would also know when it was made. The large import firms would benefit, and consumers would not have goods several years old palmed off on them as "fresh from Europe" in the bazaars. The practice would be extended to glass, bottles, and jars, and also to other goods such as patent medicines.—Yours, &c.,

A CONSUMER.

GYMKHANA MUD SPORTS.

The fifth meeting in connection with these sports will be held on the 14th instant, at 5-15 sharp.

I.—" Tent-pegging over hurdle, horses."

II.—" Jumping competition, ponies."

III.—" Backwoods' Stakes." To run 50 yards and catch pony (which may be held by syce) then lead 50 yards to saddle, saddle up, ride round trees and back.

IV.—" Thread the needle race." Gentlemen's nomination. Ladies to ride carrying thread to gentlemen who will thread the needle. Ladies return with threaded needle.

[Please enter before midday, Tuesday, as another race may have to be substituted.]

V.—" Postilion Race." To ride one pony and lead another round trees and back.

VI.—" Hold'em in Stakes." To ride barebacked round a tree and back, second horse to win.

Entrance for Tent-pegging and Scurries, ponies and under Arab blods and horses over 14 hands; in all other events horse or pony may be ridden.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

GUNNERS FOOTBALL CLUB.

A MATCH will be played on the Cooperage, this evening, between the Gunners and the Royal Irish Rifles. The kick-off will be at 5 p.m. Chairs will be provided for ladies. The following are the teams:—Rovers:—Goal, Stevenson; backs, Stowe and Walton; half-backs, Thompson, J. Allan (captain), and Campbell; forwards, F. Simpson, W. G. Sheehan, P. F. Fleming, J. Murratt, and W. J. Church. R. Irish Rifles:—Goal, Calverts; backs, Trowbridge and Harris; half-backs, Forman, Ginley, and Teague; forwards, Dowd, Haslett, Fowler, G. Haslett, and W. Haslett.

MR. BEATSON BELL, officiating Collector of Dacca, has been rather severely mauled by a tiger near Maniekgunge. Khubber was brought in to him when in Kutcherry, and he borrowed a gun of his, and went after it with a chuppraisie. The leopard, although shot, charged Mr. Bell three times, and when the chuppraisie attempted to beat it off, charged him also. The beast was ultimately killed. Mr. Bell is progressing favourably.

NOTES FROM THE BATTLE-FIELD.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, July 19.

Far away from the rush and scramble of the political struggle, it is impossible for you to realise the intensity of the feelings that animate both parties in their fight for power and place. Soldiers who have fought a battle say that throughout they are unconscious of everything—danger, suffering, death—but the wish to conquer their opponents. At election time it is the same thing. The only object is victory—victory at any cost, or by any means, so that it is constitutional and cannot be upset in the law-courts. We hardly shudder when we hear on Polling Day that the other party has driven over an old woman, blackened a man's eye with a brickbat, or tumbled an army of infants into the gutter. We look on such casualties as an amiable dispensation of Providence to show our enemy's unfitness to represent the constituency. In fact if Polling Day lasted any longer than its legitimate number of minutes, there is no knowing what brutes it would make of us.

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From early morning the preparation for the fight goes on. Everywhere there are signs of election excitement. Blue bills and orange bills cover every available inch of boarding, fill every window pane, enliven every deserted dwelling. If an orange banner flutters over the street here, immediately a rival blue-flag is hung out beside it. Then at 7-30 a.m. the carriages, gay with red and blue rosettes and streamers, come along ready to fetch the workmen, who have only the precious moments they can steal from breakfast time, to go to the poll. It takes nice management and hard driving, but the coachmen and footmen warm to the work, and whirl along the grimy, toil-stained labourer with as much good-will as if he were a Royal prince, or the king of cricketers.

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After breakfast the ladies turn out making the streets gay with their show of party colours—the Radical blue and green and the Conservative red and yellow. Every one must have a favour, so the shops do a brisk trade all the morning. Then the committee rooms crowd up, and the work commences of looking up the "doubtfuls," and if necessary accompanying them to vote. What a lot of persuading some men take, and what a world of soft speeches are wasted in making the male Britain do his duty. Five, six, eight, perhaps even a dozen calls, and at the last he will say "yes" provided he is fetched in a carriage. Yet we women are constantly told that only men are capable of appreciating the privileges of the franchise.

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Dinner hour, at noon, brings fresh excitement. The lazy men who have not signed their lodger claims, or notified to their change of residence, besiege the committee-rooms and clamour, because their names are not on the register, and they may not go to the poll with their fellows. Now and then a widow comes in, and enquires indignantly why she is deprived of her rights, when she pays her rates and taxes as well as any man. It is some time before she will believe in the illogical existing arrangement that allows women to help in deciding who shall manage London, who shall drive the dustcarts, box the children's ears, drag the old men, women, and lunatics, but refuses her the right to vote on similar points settled in another assembly, the taxation on sugar and tea, the duty on spirits and beer, the closing of public houses, &c., &c.

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Towards eight o'clock—the last hour for polling, —the enthusiasm grows intense. The candidates rush around to their committee-rooms to give a last exhortation to their supporters, the population turns out in a mass, rival bands march-past, blue and red coaches and carriages, vans and pony carts, whirl along furiously with late voters to the poll, and the public-houses into which all the day have been actively engaged in dispensing small beer grow even more profuse and generous to warm their well-wishers' hearts. Then eight o'clock strikes, and we know that the last pencil stroke has been made, and the battle is practically over, though it may be three good hours before the blue and red rocket goes up to announce our victory or defeat.

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There were people once who said that the earth was round. Such nonsense, as if one did not see perfectly well where it ended. And there are women to-day who assert that it is nice to be tall. It is so easy to dress if one is tall. Such an assumption would be no more worth investigating than it was worth anybody's while long ago to look over the precipice at the end of the earth, if it were not for the sake of the large majority of little women that are wearing out their lives under the burthen of the idea. Easy to dress! A large woman feels, like the man in *Punch*, that she is too big to be all well at once. The thought and care that have to cover acres of a gown can hardly extend as far as the cardinal points of the compass, that mean bonnet and gloves and shoes, not to mention the intermediate parasol and handkerchief and fan and dog. It is true, she is, as her dressmaker asserts, able to show off a large plaid, but is the plaid calculated to adorn well the woman? She is never certain whether it is more becoming to wear a little bonnet like the top leaf of a poplar, or a spreading canopy for minor growths like the cedar's crown. If she wins a bet, she has to own to sevens in gloves, with an unreasonable envy of the woman who may be no better proportioned but asks for dainty fives and a half. When she is told that it is so nice to have a long neck, she is reminded of Phil Robinson's giraffe that had such a very long sore throat, only that her trouble is the external covering of her additional vertebrae. Surely she has more than the ordinary number, which require ruffle piled on ribbon to fill the chasm between neck and shoulders.

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Think of the long lines of her draggled muslin skirts when the perfect day for a picnic has ended in a downpour, picture her struggling with voluminous draperies on a wind tormented pier. Look at the long woman in the dance, with her little partner clinging desperately to a waist far beyond his reach, and be content, my little sisters. The world goes on still, and nobody asks to-day whether it be square or round.

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There is a nation—there may be others, but they are, like the years in the "Ode to Helen," "not many"—that can wear any coiffure it pleases, and still look coquettish and charming. And yet that nation, with its large capacity for making every fashion look the fittest, has rejected utterly the bun that to this day finds some favour in England. Frenchwomen can wear with fascinating effect the tight bandeau of hair drawn down over the ears that makes the American a dowd, and the Englishwoman a frump, but, perhaps because their artistic sense revolts from the suggestion of another little head that these great buns imply, they do not place on their massive Gallic necks the burthen that English girls lay on their more slender Saxon columns. And yet a Frenchwoman can carry off anything. Imagine an average British or Irish or German girl with her back hair combed up into a tight little knot on the top of her head, and the front divided and plastered down on each side to finish off in a little boss like a snail-shell over the ears. It is an arrangement that one would have styled murderous, but an ordinary Booking Parisian will charm one in spite of it, or rather make one feel that such a coiffure lends additional piquancy. What can it be? Is it the shape of their foreheads, something in their irregular, too wide features, the fine lines of their eyes, or the little curl at the corner of their mouths. Impressions point to the last, particularly as one does not see why that especial curl should be nicer than any other curl, and the only sure thing is that it is all a mystery.

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Smart women seem to indulge in every kind of ornamental finish on their frocks. Some wear old-fashioned lace frills, half hiding the hands, but if the sleeves are only to the elbow the ordinary, if it shows at all, is only a class of ribbon, or a band of straight insertion. Turned up cuffs of cambric or of the material that forms the dress, or an edge of quilled ribbon is an ordinary finish to the long sleeve. One hardly sees a dress, indeed, except tailor-made ones, in which ribbons do not enter. The bows at the waist behind are growing larger and sometimes have two long loops that stand up flat against the bodice. In one case these long bows have gone up as high as the opening of the V-shaped bodice, or rather the bodice has been cut low enough to meet the loops.

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Sleeves can hardly be more puffy, and the efforts of dressmakers seem to be directed to making them stand out square beyond the shoulders instead of falling in sloping folds—rows of tucks being carried across, about six inches from the top in order to give firmness. One bodice of cream colour with a full pink silk foundation, had the puffing of the sleeves not starting from the shoulder seam, but carried with a quilled castellation around the top of the arm, and as the silk was only partially-covered by bands of creamy stuff drawn up from the waist to gleaming buckles at throat and shoulder, the effect of the little pink flat tops to the sleeves was not odd.

SOME high prices were obtained at a recent sale at Christie's of old masters and pictures of the Early British School. Gainsborough's Lady Mulgrave brought 3500gs., Hoppner's portrait of Lord Nelson, 2,550gs., and his "Maria Carleton," 1,050gs.; Romney's "Mrs. Beresford," 1,050gs., and his Lady Rose, 1,050gs., "Captain Winter," by Sir Joshua Reynolds, 725gs., and Morland's "Storm," 600gs. The highest prices among the old masters were 4,000gs., for Murillo's "Holy Family," 4,200gs., for a sea piece by Ruysdael, 1,450gs., for "A Canal View" by Hobbema, 1,050gs., for Watteau's "Plaisirs du Bal," 1,020gs., for a pair of pictures, "Cupids Sporting," by Boucher, 1,100gs., for "A Young Gentleman" by, Rembrandt, and 810gs., for Van de Velde's "View on the River Y."

TABLE TALK.

[By WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, July 19.

The friends of charity have received another melancholy disillusion. We have already learned that it is wicked to encourage the professional beggar by any gift of the casual penny, even to the starving; we know also that the beggar is nearly always a professional; we scent the public house in the begging letter; we pass on our "cases" to the C.O.S., from whom we learn the sad record of the professional. And now we hear with sorrow that to send out parties of children for a day in the country really does far more harm than good. No less an expert in such matters than Canon Barnett pronounces this judgment. The journey excites them and upsets them; all kinds of unsuspected dangers attend the outing. Well, I for one am truly sorry to learn this; I did think that in this way, at least, among the wrecks of all our former ideas on charity, one was doing a really charitable action. The cheek glowed; the pulse quickened; the tear of sensibility started to the eye when one sent off that guinea. And now to discover that it was worse than useless! 'Tis too much, my brothers—too much—the cup runs o'er. Children, go back home to the gutter and the kerb—'twill do you more harm than good to run in the fields and to pick the flowers in the hedge.

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Do you observe that all the old-fashioned notions about charity are gradually undergoing change? It is, indeed, quite possible to conceive of a social order in which that kind of charity represented by gifts and doles and endowments will be a thing of the past. For instance—the distressful family. Their distress is due to want of work, or inability to work, or death. It will be the duty of the neighbours to report such a case to the proper department, which will deal with it promptly. Sickness? There will be the hospitals and their staff of medical men. Age? No need of almshouses when every man will have his pension. Schools? Already the endowment of schools has ceased. Books? There will be public libraries. Pictures? There will be public galleries. Music? There are already public concerts. The beggar? Now, when the working man begins to reign he will make very short work with the beggar—astonishingly short work—you may be very sure upon that point. How about the wrecks and failures? Well; there are two kinds of wreckage—physical or mental affliction, and vice. For the former the hospitals will provide, and for the latter—but you shall see what the working men will do with the poor dear unfortunate persons who can drink and eat and lie about, but cannot work.

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It is delightful to find still one corner of the earth unexplored, in spite of the Geographical Society. Until last year there was such a corner—an island in Russian waters. Nobody knew anything about it. Perhaps it was inhabited; perhaps not; certainly it must be a cold place; nothing could grow there. Life at the best, during its short and chilly summer, must be barely tolerable. It has been left to an Englishman to visit and explore this hitherto unknown island; and now the usual result follows in a book all about it—a very beautiful book outside, and as exciting as his latest six-shilling boom to an enterprising publisher. In sober truth, it is very long since so charming a book of travel has appeared. The scenery is quite new—to the reader satiated with palm trees and the spicy breeze. Here there are no palm trees; there are no negroes; there are no trees at all; there are, however, the most lovely flowers, and there are wild birds, and quite a new set of people, never before exhibited in any caravan; and the manager of the show is a most genial, pleasant, modest speaker, who lets you witness all his adventures and spares you all his discomforts; speaks as little as may be of the dangers which he ran, and never even suggests that he has done a really fine and resolute bit of work. Before long we shall all be flying, multitudes for the country holiday—all except the new M.P.'s, who will be running back to work—and Mr. Trevor Battye's book on "Kolguev Island" must be one of the books to be taken away with us.

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The list of pensions granted during the last year and charged on the Civil List is quite the most satisfactory list ever published since this grant was first made in the year 1838. It contains thirteen names, two of them being sisters. Five are widows. Scholarship is recognised, first, by the name of Christian Ginsburg, enumerated by all who know or care about Semitic literature; and next by that of Nicholl, the great Arabic scholar; poetry by the name of William Watson, whom some call first among the younger singers; art by the name of Hamerton; literature by that of Pater; history by those of Seely and Pearson; music by that of Stewart; journalism by that of George Augustus Sala; and science by the names of Alexander Bain and Jabez Hogg. One name alone in the list has nothing to do with either science, art, or literature.

The history of this grant has been written by Mr. W. Morris Colles, who published all the lists from the beginning, with an analysis. The grant was originally made for the purpose of conferring *pensions of distinction* upon persons already distinguished in science, art, and literature. Most unfortunately, although there cannot be a doubt as to the intention of this grant, a clause was inserted, "or to those persons whom the Sovereign may desire to honour with a pension"—or words to that effect. This clause he has enabled the Premier to give away, year after year, as much of the grant as he pleases to widows and daughters of men in the public service. Understand that no one grudges these ladies their pensions; no one suggests that they have not deserved them vicariously through the merits of their husbands. But one does protest against their receiving the money that is voted for quite other services. This clause works, however, in quite the opposite direction because it enables the Premier to give pensions to the widows, sisters, and [illegible] guished in literature, science, and [illegible]. So far, it is therefore extremely useful. For the time has gone by when a successful man can be rewarded for his success, which generally includes a big income, by making that income bigger. These pensions are no longer only a distinction; they are a distinction with something else. They must now be given to men whose work, valuable as it is—such as Mr. William Watson's work—and bringing honour upon the nation, cannot be considered as remunerative; or they must be given to old men and women of letters, science, and art; or they must be given to the widows and daughters and sisters. The whole question could be settled once for all by altering the resolution. The grant of £1,200 a year should be made "to persons distinguished in literature, science, and art, who by reason of age or the unremunerative character of their work require some assistance; or to the widows, daughters, or sisters of persons distinguished in literature, science, and art who may be in necessitous circumstances."

People used foolishly to ask why Lord Tennyson kept his pension. They used to say, being in total ignorance of the facts, that he should have handed it over to some more necessitous bard. Now, first of all, Tennyson received the pension of distinction, not the pension of poverty. Next, his pension belonged to the grant of the year 1848—was it?—when it was first conferred. It was paid out of the £1,200 a year voted for that year's list. If Tennyson had given it up nobody else would have had it. He could not pass it on to any other person. The thing was an annuity which expired with his death, and could not be transferred. It is not, you see, £1,200 only that is granted. It is a new £1,200 a year granted every year on a list of people who will go on drawing their respective annuities till death. I do not know how much it is altogether, but I believe it is about £25,000a year that is thus bestowed in pensions. Out of this amount, about one-third part goes to people who have no right to any share in it.

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I once had a little friendly encounter on this subject with the late Mr. W. H. Smith. A petition, signed by many eminent women eminent in literature, was sent in to Mr. Smith, asking for a pension for a certain well-known novelist. His secretary replied, stating that novelists were not entitled to receive pensions. This was a very pretty snub, and a very impudent statement, made offhand without verification. I therefore called attention to the fact that there were already a good many novelists on the list. He then replied that the "regulations" only permitted historical novelists to receive pensions. I then pointed out that there were no historical novelists on the list; and that the published "regulations" contained no such restrictions—I did not say ridiculous restrictions, as I might: that, consequently, new regulations must have been framed: and that the public had a right to see these new regulations. I also wrote to Mr. Gladstone and heard from him what, of course, I knew very well, that there was no such regulations in existence. I then received another letter from Mr. Smith's private secretary, that Mr. Smith refused to let me see the "regulations." There was only one thing left to be done. Mr. James Bryce took up the case, and asked a question in the House, "What are these new regulations?" Upon which Mr. Smith replied that there were none. Of course, there were none. It was pleasant, however, to track the wily Secretary to his lair.

"T. J. W." tells me that he objects to my Templar in a recent note on a street fight a hundred years ago putting in his left. "T. J. W." says that the modern style of milling was not then introduced; that boxers hit only with the right; and that sometimes one caught the other's fist with the hand. "T. J. W." refers to *Joseph Andrews*. I accept the correction with reservation—that is, to say, I cannot claim to such knowledge of the P. R. as would entitle me to defend my own words. I thought that the left was used before this century.

DURING the year 1894-95, the Bishop of Madras visited Coonoor, Jolarpet, Secunderabad, Shahabad, Raichore, Guntakal, Bellary, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Cochin, Ocegum, Bangalore, Dharmaveram, Negapatam, Nangur, Cuddalore, Pondicherry, and Villaparam.

FOWL LANGUAGE.

FOWL not foul language is the subject of this theme, so do not be shocked when you learn that all members of the poultry world are proficient in this tongue. Their language of sound is universal, for instance, place a male-bird, just imported from home, with an ordinary Indian hen. No introduction will be needed. One minute will not have elapsed before they are on speaking terms, even if they should differ in breed—they have no caste prejudices. Immediately he sees the new hen, the cook will appear to be consumed with a desire to wrap himself up in one of his wings, not succeeding in accomplishing this graceful feat, he will most probably fall on the ground in his violent efforts to awaken the admiration of the fair stranger.

Fowls utter many cries, all of which have a distinct meaning, and are perfectly easy of interpretation—not only by the fowl community—but by any observant lover of their species. Witness the quiet contented clucking of a hen with a brood of young ones. She is evidently satisfied that she has done the world a favour by adding to its inhabitants. She is proud of being a mother, and looks around her with the air of one who is quite happy that she is in the world, and clearly understands *her* mission in it.

Nature, another name for God, under which he reveals His wonders to those who "seeing see, and hearing hear" teaches the hen to bring up her chicks in the way they should go, and just as we all learn by imitation, chicks do the same: the hen clek! clek! cleks! to them, which they understand thoroughly, and learn thereby to clek! clek, clek, for themselves in due course. This clucking is designed to keep her little ones near her, and doubtless means "That is right good children, keep near me then you are quite safe from the huge giant." Should a hawk swoop down a slight variation of the cry will bring them running to the shelter of her inviting wings. This cry also enables the chicks to return to her when they have been straying, and among many hens to recognise their own mother.

It is remarkable that they never go to the cock, and nestle up to him. Their baby instinct teaches them that though he struts around in evident pride at being the father of a promising family, and will warn them of the approach of an enemy he will even occasionally allow them to snatch a grub he has raked up, that he will resolutely decline to accept *his* share of the nursing responsibilities, and will suffer no familiarities. Should a precocious chick attempt to "ride a cock horse" with him, he will instantly resent such a liberty with a sharp peck, which will send the little delinquent off weeping to its mother, who will tenderly stow him cosily away under a wing, where he will soon enter the land of nod, and be oblivious of the sternest of fathers.

A cry somewhat similar to the first, is the call the mother hen utters when she has found a nice large fat ant, or some such insect; the baby chicks may be sly of it at first, or frightened by its struggles, the hen will then shake it in halves, when they will eagerly scramble.

It is wonderful to observe how, step by step, she teaches, and prepares them for maturer life. They learn by imitating their mother to scratch for a living.

Fowls are essentially scratching animals. In the native bazaars of this country, fowls are often to be seen vigorously trying to scratch up the gutters, in the delusive hope of raking up some dainty morsel.

Then again the real motherly hen will always imbue her chicks with the importance of cleanliness, and will by setting them a good example in her clean neat self, teach them early to bathe, clean, and dress their feathers, which the tiny mites will do with all seriousness.

It is pleasant to see with what an important air she will lead her brood to nice earth, pit, or heap, then getting on the top of it will begin to rake the earth up with great energy; when she has scooped out a nice, comfortable hollow, she will gently subside into it, with a soft admonition to the chicks to come, as if to say like unto like. This feat they will promptly perform, and soon each little chick will be rebelling in its own particular hollow, busily scratching up and throwing the earth all over its little self. When tired of this pursuit, or frightened away, they will emerge looking veritably puffed out balls of dirty fluff, but in a minute or so they will give themselves a vigorous shake, which will send the dust flying in clouds from their feathers, after which their plumage will regain its pristine hue. This is an excellent mode of cleaning themselves, for with the the dust they shake off any parasites which may have been tormenting them.

After the bath, the chicks will all troop off to some nice shady spot or corner, where they will go through marvellous contortions in their efforts to dress every tiny sprouting feather and wee bit of fluff. Should one come home with a wing or budding tail feather awry, their mother would consider him a disgrace to the family. Feathers are a fowl's dress, they and indeed all animals are fond of being neat, and most devote a fair share of their time to keeping their dress nice, whether it be of feathers, fur or hide.

Very familiar is the cry uttered both by cock and hen, when a hawk or any other winged foe is seen. So well understood is it—even by the youngest chicks—that they usually have time to scramble safely out of the way before their enemy can swoop down.

Slightly different from the last named is the [illegible] given when a creeping foe is seen approaching stealthily.

The last important cry to be mentioned is [illegible] first we often hear in the morning, viz., the crowing of the cock.

No philosopher, scientist, or sage has yet been able to satisfactorily explain *why* cocks crow [illegible] approaching day.

It may be that the cock—being an early [illegible] and that when in [illegible] on the forms of the dear partners of his joys and [illegible] that his heart swells with pride, and he [illegible] ultant crow. Then another bird takes the [illegible] and—like news—it soon spreads and continues, [illegible] the pangs of hunger remind them of the stern realities of life, and that they must issue forth and seek "fresh fields and pastures new" in which to find the wherewithal to refresh the inner bird.

It is observable at a cock-fight, the cocks crow before the battle; which may be understood as a challenge "Come on I'm not afraid of you. Let's see who's the best man. Come on." After the war is over the victor will give as lusty triumphant a crow as his wounds permit, over the vanquished form of his opponent.

Mr. J. W. Collett, Inspector of Police, Poona, Bombay Presidency, who contributes the above sketch is the Author of the "A.B.C. Guide to rearing Poultry in India," a work of extreme usefulness to poultry-keepers in England. In fact no one who keeps fowls of any kind should be without it.

THE Y. M. C. A. AND TOBACCO.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Without wishing to open any controversy in regard to the recent decision arrived at by the young members of the Y. M. C. A. on the tobacco question, I beg you will permit me, through the medium of your columns, to point out, that the whole procedure was "ultra vires." Every member of the Y. M. C. A. knows fully well that tobacco in the shape of cigarettes and cigars have been sold in those rooms, and I feel certain that had this commodity not come under the head of "refreshments of all sorts," it would certainly have not been so permitted, and that being so, I presume cigars did not come under that category, and hence their sale within the coffee-rooms. Now, Sir, having pointed out this fact, I shall proceed to show why I state that the procedure recently adopted by the voting members in signifying their disapproval to the sale of tobacco is "ultra vires." Rule V. of the Trust Rules of the Bombay Y. M. C. A. says down that "the coffee room is to be for the sale of tea, coffee, and other refreshments of all sorts," but it is to be an absolute rule that no intoxicating liquor of any kind is to be under any circumstances provided, or used, or sold, or kept, or allowed in the premises." Then Rule VI., of the same rules states that "Rule V. is not to be altered under any circumstances." Rule VI. having laid down imperatively that Rule V is not to be altered under any circumstances and under Rule V., the Y. M. C. A. having allowed the sale of tobacco within the coffee-room, it seems to me that the refreshments of all sorts having admitted such a sale, no member, nor the trustees, nor any one else, had the power to suggest or adopt any modification of a principle carried out under a rule, which "under any circumstances is not to be altered." I make bold to venture to say, that the procedure followed at the general meeting of the voting members, can have no validity whatsoever, and is merely a dead letter. Again, Sir, I should further like to point out in order that in the unlikely event of the trustees pointing out that "cigars" did not come under Rule V., or in any other unlikely event, in both cases, I doubt however, whether Rules V. and VI. can be got over; that Rule VI. further states, and the other rules are not to be altered except with the sanction of four-fifths of

sectional assistance from time to time. I may confidently appeal to your Excellency to support the Director of Public Instruction in the endeavour to introduce the education which is straightforward with the most remarkable intelligibility, and which, if carried out, the public are convinced, would at the same time with impartiality as far as the various applicants are concerned. My honourable friend said his proposal would only mean the spending of a particular amount; therefore it might be fairly given. He is not capable of thinking it would only entail that amount for sooner would sanction be given for a large number of castes and others to come forward and claim the same thing. Government would have to be made to all. To-day since then I would express the most complete sympathy with my honourable friend in his desire that his great and powerful community should avail themselves of the advantages of education, and I am glad to know they are showing many signs of a determination to do so.

THE PUBLIC WORKS GRANTS.

Mr. T. D. Little said: Your Excellency,—I will confine myself to replying to certain statements made in regard to my own department. With reference to the Gokak Canal charges referred to by the Hon. Mr. Wadia the amount entered in the Budget is for land already taken up. It was originally anticipated that the land in question would be available occasionally for cultivation, but experience has shown that this is not so. Consequently the cultivators who had refused compensation under the impression that they would still have the use of the land are now claiming payment, and Government have decided that their just demands should be met. The total expenditure on the Gokak Canal has been about eleven-and-three quarter lakhs of rupees, and the income for 1893-94 was 1·35 per cent., but it is hoped that this will be gradually increased. I think probably next year we shall get something over two per cent., and in the course of five or six years we may get three, but I do not know whether we shall get very much beyond that. It is a useful work, not only for irrigation, but also for the mills, and mills give a great deal of employment. In regard to the Provincial Budget I may say that the provision for repairs for the current year is twelve lakhs and eighty thousand, against an average expenditure of twelve lakhs and thirty thousand for the past five years, and the provision as regards repairs is fully sufficient. The allowance for tools, and plant, and establishment is sufficient, and for new works we have, including contributions, fifteen-and-a-half lakhs against sixteen lakhs the average between 1890-91 and 1894-95. More money might be usefully expended, but the present provision is very much in excess of what the Government of India have hitherto been prepared to allow. With regard to the two lakhs and eighty thousand reduction mentioned by the Hon. Mr. Javerilal the whole of this was not taken from necessary works. In the first place it was decided to defer the Collectorate at Lalbaug. From that we got Rs. 68,000, credit for Customs from the Government of India Rs. 37,000, and in addition to that we had Rs. 82,000 for small lapses in twenty districts, and that means an average of Rs. 4,000 for each district, and an average of Rs. 800 for each work. In some cases lapses represent actual savings, and in others they represent money that could not be expended in one year, and had to be expended in the next. That leaves Rs. 90,000 only out of Rs. 2,80,000, and that came from our reserves. If we had not made these charges we should have had Rs. 90,000 more or less that we could have expended on other works.

HIGH COURT OFFICIALS.

Mr. Macpherson, Acting Advocate-General, said: Your Excellency,—I desire to say a few words on some point touched upon by my hon. friend Mr. Setalvad under the head of Law and Justice. He commented unfavourably on the present system of reports in the High Court. He said that either less money should be spent, or the work should be more in proportion to the cost. If he meant by this that the office is overpaid, I cannot agree with him. The post is one which requires special knowledge, and much industry and accuracy, and I do not believe a satisfactory incumbent could be secured for less than the present salary. Very eminent men have held the office, among them the late Mr. Justice Green and the present Chief Justice, and I venture to think no reduction of the salary is desirable. My hon. friend said something disparaging as to the remuneration agreed upon between the present holder of the office and his assistant, to be paid to the latter. That, I apprehend, is a matter of agreement between them, with which this Council, so long as the work is properly done, has nothing to do. What then is my hon. friend's complaint? It cannot be as to quantity, for undoubtedly year by year the report gains in bulk. Yet my friend apparently desires that they should be still bulkier—by the reproduction of advocates' arguments. I confess, I think, all arguments consideration as a rule referred to in the judgment, and it would not be an advantage to reproduce many arguments to which advocates, in certain exigencies, are constrained to resort. I consider that the character of the report has been well maintained under the present reporter. Then my hon. friend animadverted, as he has done on previous occasions, on the Clerkship of the Insolvent Court. We must all agree, and the present Clerk of the Court would, I am sure, be the first to concede, that he is a fortunate person, enjoying an office, not overworked, and not underpaid. It is more than doubtful, however, if Government would gain by any change in the present system, and it is, I believe, a question whether an Imperial Statute is not necessary in order to effect any re-organisation. Lastly, my hon. friend alluded, as he has in previous years alluded, to the cost on the Original Side of the High Court. I entirely differ from my hon. friend, if he thinks that the fees payable to Government by Original Side suitors are excessive. On the contrary, they are, I believe, very much lower, than the *ad valorem* court fees charged in Mofussil Courts. As regards costs, charges, and expenses, they do not [illegible] measure, on the will of the litigant. There so many because if fees paid to counsel ed by the suitors themselves, only a tion of which fees are recoverable on unsuccessful opponent. My conviction chooses, he can carry a suit its Original Side, as chea jurisdiction elsewhere.

THE U[illegible]

CRICKET.

BOMBAY MILITARY VS. MHOW AND INDORE.

Owing to the recent heavy rains the Visitors could not play their annual match with the Baronet Cricket Club on Wednesday, and their game with the Bombay Military, which was to be started on Thursday, could not be commenced until yesterday, when the contesting parties met on the Gymkhana ground. The Home team won the spin of the coin, and elected to be on the defence. Captain Carnegy and Dr. Wilkins were the first pair to go out for the Military, to face the attack of Lowis and Bapu. Both players displayed very good game, and for twenty minutes they kept down the bowlers splendidly. At last Dr. Wilkins drove Bapu rather feebly, and the bowler caught him (18-1-4). Haydon was the next man in, and after playing a couple of balls from Bapu he succumbed to an yorker. His was a case of very hard lines. The umpire through mistake had allowed six balls, and Haydon succumbed to the extra one. Captain Addison filled the vacancy, and both players being reliable bats much was expected during their partnership. Before the scorers were troubled, Addison played on a full length ball from Cricket and Captain Pinney took his place, (29-3-0). Carnegy who was playing good cricket suddenly became sick, and Anderson took his place at the wicket. The latter played a very careful game. Pinney in the meantime returned to the pavilion and Private Brown joined Anderson. They made a fast scoring and the total was raised to 50 in a short time, Anderson was then given l.-b.-w. to Lowis, and Carnegy with the permission of the opposite party went at the wicket again, and played a very splendid innings of 63 runs, Major Simpson who joined Private Brown at once began a dashing play and 150 runs were knocked up before it was time for lunch. Private Sherkhan a very defensive bat played a careful innings, and carried out his bat for 14 runs. Chamier and Iremonger were given l.-b.-w. to Bapu and Aitkin for 13 and 6 runs respectively. The Military's venture closed for 185

The Visitors took their chance and their innings was one of consistent good game. The umpire's mistakes proved advantageous to the home team when the latter were playing; but during the Visitors' innings the umpire's wrong discussions went a great way against them. The Visitors closed for 162 leaving the home team to win by 23 runs. Captain Maunder played a merry game, and put up a good score of 57. Chapman carried out his bat for 22, off a straight bat. From the commencement, Captain Pinney and Captain Poore had agreed to treat the game as a one-day match, and therefore the result of the first innings was the decisive one.

Below are the scores:—

THE MILITARY.

Capt Carnegy, c Pinnersgil, b Bapu	63
Dr Wilkins, c and b Bapu	1
Lieut Haydon, b Bapu	0
Capt Addison, b Lowis	0
Capt Pinney, c Poore, b Bapu	8
Capt Anderson, l-b-w Lowis	8
Private Brown, b Lowis	14
Major Simpson, b Cates	29
Private Sherkhan, not out	14
Capt Chamier, l-b-w, b Bapu	13
Lieut Iremonger, l-b-w, b Aitkin	6
Extras	23
Total	183

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	B	R	M	W
Bapu	115	43	7	5
Lowis	130	76	6	3
Crickett	25	11	2	0
Cates	55	40	1	1
Aitkin	20	9	2	1
Poore	5	5	0	0

MHOW AND INDORE.

Mr Lowis, b Simpson	16
Mr Cholmodely, c Chamier, b Anderson	20
Capt Aitkin, c Penney, b Anderson	5
Capt Cates, c Penney, Sherkhan	0
Capt Mander, c Brown, b Simpson	57
Capt Poore, b Brown	19
Pt Crickett, c and b Anderson	0
Lieut Murray, c Penney, b Anderson	9
Lieut Chapman, not out	22
Pt Bapu, c Haydon, b Anderson	0
Pt Pickersgil, c Sherkhan, b Anderson	5
Extras	18
Total	162

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	B	R	M	W
Anderson	135	57	6	6
Simpson	95	21	2	2
Sherkhan	20	15	0	1
Brown	65	34	1	1
Haydon	26	19	0	0

THE PARSI ORPHANAGE VS. THE GOCULDAS TEJPAL HIGH SCHOOL.

The fourth match in the first round for this year's cricket championship of the Bombay High Schools Athletic Association was played between these two schools on the 1st instant, and resulted, after a short contest, in a victory for the Parsi Orphanage, by six runs only. The interest of the match lay in the fact of the Goculdas Tejpal High Sch[illegible]eing the first predominantly Hindu School in [illegible] to join the Association and enter into th[illegible]n. Pitted against a strong Parsi to[illegible]fficult task before it, but it acquitte[illegible]ng made 36 against his op[illegible]parkar bowled very well [illegible]chool, dismissing the [illegible]all-ed, and h[illegible]The Hindu t[illegible]it was j[illegible]

PARSI COLTS' MATCH.—XI. VS. NEXT XVI.

The following have been finally selected and have consented to play in the above match, which will commence this afternoon, at 2 o'clock and will be continued to-morrow, Sunday, at 10 a. m. The match has been deprived of quite half its interest owing to Messrs. Gagrat and Writer, the two best players on the side, having declined to play for the eleven, but their places will be filled up by Messrs. N. C. Chinoy and C. M. Patel, who, it will be remembered, played once or twice for the Parsi team on former occasions. The sixteen will be strong in bowling, batting, and fielding, and led by so able a captain as Mr. Spencer ought to render a good account of themselves. The following are the names of the two teams:—

The Eleven.—M. D. Kanga (capt.); D. D. Kanga; B. C. Machhiwala; D. E. Mody; D. C. Daruwalla; K. M. Mistry; D. M. Raja; R. E. Mody; D. F. Dubash; N. C. Chinoy and C. M. Patel.

The Sixteen.—S. B. Spencer (capt.); R. D. Ayrton; K. H. Vakil; M. H. Sanjana; A. E. Reporter; J. N. Bharucha; S. M. Kaka; J. J. Dubash; P. H. Daver; B. M. Billimoria; E. R. Guzdar; K. P. Driver; F. P. Colabawala; P. H. Vakil; M. F. Parekh; and N. B. Saklatwala.

Tents will be pitched for members of the Parsi Gymkhana and for representatives of the principal clubs, to whom tickets of admission have been sent. The two teams will lunch together on Sunday in the Elphinstone Cricket Club.

A SCOTTISH ANSWER.

A cyclist, while tooling the other week in the uplands of Lanarkshire, met an old man of whom he inquired the direction he should follow in order to reach a village in the neighbourhood.

"Are ye gaun there?" queried the old fellow in return.

"Yes."

"An' d'ye ken folk there?"

"Yes."

"Hae ye ony frien's there?"

"Yes."

"Hae ye ever been here afore?"

"No."

And so the questioning continued in the same strain for nearly a quarter of an hour, until he evidently became satisfied with what he had elicited, and bethought him of giving the desired information in return.

"An' you want to ken the road to C——?"

"Yes."

"Then d'ye ken what ye'll do?"

"No."

"You'll keep the road."

And without another word he trudged off on his way, leaving the astonished wheelman to digest at the information he had received.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills are the best cheapest, and the most popular remedies at all seasons, and under all circumstances they may be used with safety and with the certainty of doing good. Eruptions, rash-s, and all descriptions of skin diseases, sores, ulcerations, and burns are presently benefited and ultimately cured by these healing, cooling, and purifying medicaments. The Ointment rubbed upon the abdomen checks all tendency to inflammation in the bowels, and [illegible]

CRICKET IN KATHIAWAD.

RAJKOT GYMKHANA VS. RAJKUMAR COLLEGE.

Played on the college ground on account of rain. The second innings was not played.

RAJKOT GYMKHANA.

Col Hancock, b Phulia	0
Capt Forbes, b Phulia	3
Hawes, b Thulia	5
Souter, b Thulia	13
Coghill, b shivlal	2
Rev J Scott, c and b Phulia	29
Dennys, c Digvisinhji, b Phulia	9
Hatch, not out	24
Alcock, b Natoosinhji	0
Owen, b Natoosinhji	5
Ramzankhan c Merubha, b Phulia	2
Extras	5
Total	82

RAJKUMAR COLLEGE.

Cursetji, b Ramzakhan	8
Vijaysinhji, b Dennys	2
Shivlal, c Souter, b Hancock	55
Merubha, b Ramzankhan	4
Natoosinhji, b Ramzankhan	1
Wadha, c Forbes, b Ramzankhan	1
Digvisinhji, b Owen	8
Narsinsinhji, b Hancock	11
Sarsinhji, b Ramzankhan	5
Amarsinhji, b Hancock	0
Thulia, not out	6
Dawlatsinhji, c and b Ramzankhan	2
Extras	4
Total	110

MILITARY VS. CIVIL AND COLLEGE.

Played on the college ground, Rajkot, on the 1st August. Result a tie:—

MILITARY.	1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
A Lawrence, c Thulia, b Shivlal	2	run out	4	
Dennys, c Taulia b Shivlal	1	b Hancock	0	
Cuyler, c Phulia, b Hancock	0	c and b Thulia	9	
Macnaghten, b Thulia	0	c Narsinhji, b Thulia	3	
Capt Forbes, c Narsinhji, b Shivlal	2	b Thulia	9	
Trod, c Hawes, b Shivlal	11	b Thulia	0	
Ramchander, b Shivlal	13	c Hatch, b Shivlal	0	
Capt Delamain, b Hancock	14	b Thulia	3	
Sheik Baba, c Scott b Hancock	3	b Thulia	2	
Coghli, not out	1	b Hancock	3	
Ramzankhan, c and b Hancock	0	not out	0	
Extras	2	Extras	2	
Total	50	Total	29	

CIVIL AND COLLEGE.	1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
Shivlal, c Sheikh Baba, b Cumberlege	8	b Macnaghten	27	
Cursetji, b b-w Macnaghten	2	run out	2	
Col Hancock, c and b Macnaghten	5	b Macnaghten	0	
Macnaghten, b Macnaghten	5	c and b Dennys	0	
Narsinhji b Macnaghten	4	b Macnaghten	0	
Digvisinhji, run out	3	b Macnaghten	0	
Hatch, b Cumberlege	3	b Macnaghten	1	
Hawes, b Macnaghten	0	b Macnaghten	2	
Merubha, l-b-w, b Cumberlege	0	run out	3	
Rev J Scott, not out	5	c Dennys, b Macnaghten	2	
Thulia, c Sheikh Baba, b Cumberlege	0	not out	0	
Extras	7	Extra	1	
Total	40	Total	39	

RAJKOT GYMKHANA VS. AHMEDABAD.

Played at Ahmedabad on the 25th July, when four innings were completed and the result was a tie. The return match was played on the 26th, and was restricted to one innings a side. Rajkot won easily by 5 wickets. Ahmedabad easily won the lawn tennis and badminton. A foursome at golf was played on the morning of the 26th, Robertson and Legh representing Ahmedabad; and Templar and Forbes, Rajkot. At the 9th hole completing the round they were all even and four more holes had to be played before Ahmedabad could claim a victory.

AHMEDABAD.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
M C Gibb, b Shivlal	3	c Templar, b Macnaghten	5
R M Phillips, b Shivlal	17	b b-w b Macnaghten	4
R Martin, b Macnaghten	23	run out	14
P J Mead, b shivlal	5	c Shivlal, b Ashby	0
Siddicotts, c Templar, b Macnaghten	4	c Shivlal, b Macnaghten	13
E T Kelly, c Ashby, b Macnaghten	0	c Templar, b Ashby	1
E R Leggatt, not out	10	c Macnaghten, b Ashby	6
L Robertson, b Shivlal	0	b Macnaghten	0
Capt H R Mead, b Shivlal	1	b Macnaghten	0
Capt F R Legh, b Macnaghten	0	b Ashby	0
C H Steams, b Macnaghten	0	not out	0
Extras	10	Extras	2
Total	73	Total	46

RAJKOT.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
W L Souter, b Liddicott	5	l b w b Phillips	0
Shivlal, c Mead, b Phillips	1	b P Mead	2
Macnaghten, b Phillips	10	b Liddicott	32
Templar, c Mead, b Phillips	0	b P Mead	0
Capt Ashby, b P Mead	8	b P Mead	0
Capt Forbes, b-w b Phillips	0	b Liddicott	7
Cumberlege, c and b P Mead	0	b P Mead	1
Hatch, l b w b Liddicott	10	b P Mead	0
Dennys, not out	3	b P Mead	2
Coghill, b P Mead	2	c Legh b Mead	4
Shaik Babu, b P Mead	0	not out	4
Extras	7	Extras	4
Total	58	Total	61

RETURN MATCH.

AHMEDABAD.

R Mactier, b Macnaghten	2
P Mead, c Templar, b Cumberlege	10
Gr Ashmore, c and b Cumberlege	4
Gr Liddicott, c Ashby, b Cumberlege	4
Phillips, c Macnaghten, b Cumberlege	5
Leggatt, b Cumberlege	0
Kelly, c and b Shivlal	10
Robertson, l b w b Shivlal	3
Capt Mead, b Dennys	7
Dr Ball, b Shivlal	0
E Preston, not out	0
Extras	3
Total	51

RAJKOT.

Souter, b P Mead	6
Hatch, c C Mead, b Phillips	4
Macnaghten c Ashmore, b P Mead	1
Templar, c Liddicott, b Ball	12
Shivlal, b P Mead	18
Capt Forbes, not out	3
Cumberlege, not out	2
Total	52

EFFECTS OF THE WEATHER.

On Thursday noon, six fishing smacks were sailing out the fishing stakes at Colaba, when smack No. 2281, ed by Ramji Odmbla, sank off Sassoon's Docks. The , consisting of two men, were all picked up by the in smacks.—About 3 p.m. on the same day, boat 2431, belonging to Soukia Dewa, laden with four of Pilse[illegible]er, valued at Rs. [illegible]perty of Giado.[illegible]

[illegible]day, and two b[illegible]

[illegible]072, the property of Felber Jucker and [illegible]was sailing alongside the steamship Henzada, [illegible]ood, when she was swamped by a heavy sea, [illegible]aking over her, and sank. The crew, consisting of [illegible]ve men, were picked up along with one bundle of skins by boat No. 1272, which was close by at the time. —At 9 p.m., on the same day, one side of a two-storeyed house, belonging to Beebeejan, at Noothbrook Street, fell in, causing damage to the extent of Rs. 250. The house was tenanted, but no one was injured.

A TRICK OF THE TRADE.

A very noticeable feature in London is that there are so many shops opened by presumably the same man, who has a place of business in every corner of the Metropolis, some such individuals having as many as fifty shops or more. But though the name and the arrangement of the shops are similar in all, it sometimes happens that each establishment has a separate owner quite distinct from, and having no connection with, the other.

The explanation is simple. It has for some time past been the practice with certain successful tradesmen, who have made reputations in their own particular branches, to open one shop after another, not with a view to retaining them, but rather to sell them as soon as they have worked up a fair measure of connection, relying on their names to do this quickly and satisfactorily.

They usually have no difficulty in finding individuals who are willing to pay a substantial price for the goodwill, as well as a considerable extra amount for permission to retain the original name.

A good profit is made on each transaction, after which the process is again repeated. The original head of the firm, besides finding this arrangement very profitable, is relieved of much responsibility and anxiety, to say nothing of the work entailed by the superintendence of so many establishments. *Cassell's Saturday Journal.*

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Latest dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom, during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 9th August, 1895.

(Difference in Londitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	..	..	..	..	..
Teheran	9	1	24 p.m.	..	16
Suez	9	2	30 a.m.	..	13

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. of the 9th August, 1895.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	..	43	..	1
" Karachi	..	21	..	1
" Madras	..	22	..	1

MR. ROPES is making progress with his "History of the American Civil War," the first volume of which appeared some months since, bringing down the story to the battle of Bull Run, the first fight between the Northern and Southern armies. The History is to be completed in three volumes, and will be the first really good work of its kind—comprehensive, compact, and of convenient length—published in the United States. Mr. Ropes's exposition is singularly clear and impartial. Not the least valuable service he has done to American history is his explanation of the view which the Southerners entertained regarding their rights of resistance. The Southerners denied in all honesty that the United States were a single nation. To quote Mr. Ropes, they held that the "Constitution" was merely "a treaty between Sovereign nations," and that any nation (i.e., State) might "at any time withdraw from that treaty" The Southerners were not, in their opinion, rebels at all; they were defending their States—that is, the nations to which they conceived themselves to belong—from invasion and conquest." The Northerners, of course, held that the United States were a single nation—a doctrine which the Southerner now dreams of denying.

SPECIALITE FOR THE SKIN.—Purest, most emo[illegible]

THE FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT AT CALCUTTA.

SEMI-FINAL.

DALHOUSIE F. C. VS. THE ROYAL WELSH FUSILIERS.

The greatest possible interest was shown in the above match on Saturday. Speculation was rife as to the qualifications of the Welsh Fusiliers' team, who had come here from Jhansi after beating the Oxford L I. in the second round by 3 goals to 1. While here they kept very dark and no one could form any opinion as to their merits on the football field; consequently Dalhousie were a bit funky. Though their partisans freely offered bets of 2 to 1 on them this was, I think, more to encourage their team to face an unknown quantity—which the Welshmen certainly were—than anything else. Dalhousie put the full strength on the field, and certainly on paper they looked very strong: the Welshmen were weak in the centres, both men being seedy after a dose of fever. Saturday being a half-holiday it is needless to say that immense crowds were on the ground long before the match was advertised to commence; the native element preponderating to an enormous extent. It is impossible to conceive the hold football has taken in Calcutta, the most indigenous match bringing out thousands as spectators, and the game being watched with breathless interest from start to finish. When a grand match—such as to-day—is on it is quite impossible to estimate the numbers present. Garies are brought into requisition; trees are climbed and any coign of vantage taken up hours before the match commences. I think the cowd to-day certainly beat the records in point of numbers. The Dalhousie executive had everything in apple pie order; the seating arrangements being particularly good, benefiting from that scrambling generally seen at these matches. The ground was in splendid condition for football, and so a good game was the result.

Shortly after 5-30 P.M. Dalhousie were the first to show up, being received with a hearty cheer closely following came the Welshmen, who received a very flattering reception, which put them in good humour. The Welsh having won the toss chose the sun at their backs; this was a decided advantage, though nothing came of it to them during the first-half. Lindsay for Dalhousie set matters going, and almost immediately his forwards had a shot at the Welshmen's citadel. This shot didn't come off, and the leather travelled up rather quickly to the Dalhousie's stronghold, ending in a foul being given to the Welsh right in goal; a penalty kick was claimed for this foul and though, to the on-lookers, the handling of the ball by one of the Dalhousie forwards looked very suspicious the referee—quite rightly—gave only a free kick. This sharp bit of play made Dalhousie look serious, for they found the Welshmen were very formidable opponents, not to be trifled with under any circumstances. Dalhousie after a respite from the attack which made Arthur rather uncomfortable, though Warrington and Carne did wonders to help him, got on and Lindsay by pretty passing worked the leather down the field and by a rush got the ball almost through; the Welsh keeper punching out very feebly. Chidley breasted the ball through the posts before Arnold could recover himself. This slice of luck put Dalhousie in excellent spirits and the cheers which greeted it were long and lusty.

The Welsh were not going to be idle and soon from the kick-off got into the Dalhousie's quarters and stayed there for some time, actually getting the ball on the goal line; this was an excellent bit of play, and had the Welsh kept up the attack a moment longer they would assuredly have equalled, as the leather rested on the goal line a moment or two, Arthur being busily employed trying to clear. The Welsh claimed a goal and stopped play for the moment or two which enabled Arthur to avert all danger. This lesson was not lost on them; for the rest of the match until the whistle blew they took nothing for granted. Both sides had runs and corners, the latter falling to Dalhousies three times; they didn't come off. At half-time each side seemed pretty well blown, the soldiers if anything being the fresher of the two. The game now stood Dalhousie 1 goal, the Welsh nil.

Consultations were held by both teams as to the tactics to be employed in the second half. In these the Welsh were far more successful, as the sequel will show. Edwards set the leather rolling on resuming, and quickly set to work in a very serious manner. Arthur saved two or three times in grand style, but the Welsh were not to be put off and kept up the attack without intermission and looked like scoring on several occasions; Warrington and Carne having a rough time in helping Arthur to clear. Once Arthur in putting the ball out was collared by the neck and the foul given relieved the pressure. Dalhousie now had a good run and should have scored, Hall putting in a good centre which Lindsay missed completely. This was the last time they were really dangerous. The Welsh now began to warm to their work and getting on took the leather down in splendid form; the forwards working beautifully together. Warrington in trying to stop the rush sent the ball out; a corner was the result. This was taken by Piercy who put the ball right in the goal's mouth by a splendid shot; the result being that the ball was scrambled for; in the end it, and about a dozen players of both sides found themselves inside the net; this equalised matters, the cheers from the Tommies from the Fort being deafening. From now the Welsh seemed to play much better, and had some splendid runs and opportunities which their centres failed to make use of. The ball now began to show some pretty play and worked the ball up very cleverly, Demery being conspicuous in feeding his wing and taking the ball so cleverly from his opponents. Once or twice Dalhousie got on, but they seemed winded and though they worked hard could not gain any advantage owing to the excellent play of the Welsh halves. Platnauer had a chance, but being knocked over it didn't come off, though he got a foot in for it. The Welsh once more settled on the ball and banged in several good shots which Arthur cleared well. Shortly before time another corner fell to the Welsh, which Piercy placed beautifully and his side adopting the same tactics as before added a second point. This the Tommies cheered to the skies. Nothing more was done, though Dalhousie bravely tried to equalise, and so the match ended by the Welsh winning by 2 goals to 1.

This has certainly been the best match of the season, and the form shown by the visitors leads one to expect a tough fight between them and the Shropshire on Thursday next in the final. Both sides have an excellent team, their play being scientific, though a little rough at times, their passing and the feeding of their forward being a treat to see. The Dalhousie team seemed rather weak in their halves and forwards; the latter not having the dash and go in them characterises them. For the Welsh T. Jones, J. Edwards and Demery for the defence were beyond all praise; they tackled well and kept their forwards well supplied. Piercy and Moore were excellent in their centres and long passes to the centre and wings. For Dalhousie Hull, Chidley and Platnauer worked well and had hard luck on several occasions. Arthur in goal did very well, being ably assisted by Warrington and Carne.

Dalhousie F. C. were: [illegible] At Home.
Referee—Mr. [illegible]ines Mon—[illegible]
Umpires—[illegible]
Time [illegible]
Mathieson, [illegible]Royal Irish.

Dalhousie.—Goal—Arthur. Backs—Warrington and Carne. Half-backs—Grieig, Tweddle and Brown Forwards—Adams, Chidley, Lindsay, Hull and Platnauer.

Royal Welsh Fusiliers.—Goal—Arnold. Backs—Worsley and Pedley. Half-backs—T. Jones, J. Edwards and Demery. Forwards—H. Jones, Piercy, R. Edwards, Moffat and Moore.

AN EXTRA TAX ON OPIUM IN CHINA.

IMPORTANT OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

In the opinion of the Calcutta traders the extra opium tax is an accomplished fact, and only requires the enforcing effect of an edict. The following correspondence, which is now published for the first time, throws fresh light on the subject, and shows that an attempt is being made to evade the treaty by calling the tax a "subscription":—

To G. Jamieson, Esq., H. B. M. Consul General, Shanghai, 2nd July, 1895.

Dear Sir,—We beg to lay before you the fact that it has come to our notice that the Taotai, acting, we believe, under instructions from H. E. the Viceroy at Nanking, has intimated to the opium Guild his intention that they should consent to pay as extra tax Tls. 10-20 (the exact amount has not as yet been definitely decided upon, nor are we fully acquainted with the proposed method of its collection) on every picul of Foreign opium landed at Shanghai.

We, the undersigned importers of this commodity, beg to protest most emphatically against this illegal action on the part of the Chinese authorities in attempting to impose this tax, and to point out that it is entirely contrary to the terms of the additional articles to the agreement between Great Britain and China signed at London on the 18th of July, 1885, and especially to clause 5 to which we would more particularly draw your attention. We would further point out that if this tax were imposed the consumption of Native opium would be stimulated much to the detriment of the Foreign article, already suffering severely from the effects of the competition with the undertaxed Native-grown opium, which is undoubtedly slowly but surely ousting out of the market the trade in which we are engaged.

We would, therefore, beg to request you to be kind enough to communicate with the Native authorities informing them that the action in attempting to impose an additional tax on Foreign opium can under no circumstances be carried out, being entirely in opposition to the terms of the treaties, and highly prejudicial to the interests of the undersigned merchants, who are very largely interested in the Foreign opium trade.

In conclusion, we beg to tender you our best thanks in anticipation for your valuable aid in this important matter, and trust to receive a satisfactory reply at an early date. We are, Sir your obedient servants, B. David Sassoon and Co., E. O. Sassoon and Co., S. J. David and Co., D. E. J. Abraham, A. S. J. Abraham and Co., p. p. J. Joseph, Kate Ezra, by Attorney J. Joseph, Cowasjee Palanji and Co., S. N. Tahtat and Co., p. p. Tata and Co., M. M. Mehta, Ebrahimbhoy Pabang, A Ebrahim and Co.

H. B. M.'s Consul General, Shanghai, 6th July 1895.

Gentlemen,—Referring to your letter of the 2nd inst., to the effect that the Taotai had intimated his intention of levying an extra tax on Foreign opium I beg to enclose his reply to my communication to him on the subject. I am gentlemen your obedient servant,—(signed) G. Jamieson, acting Consul General.

Lis, Acting Customs Superintendent to Mr. Jamieson, Shanghai, 6th July 1895.

Sir,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch of yesterday's date with reference to the representations made on you by David Sassoon and Co., and others on the subject of an alleged increase of duty on foreign opium.

In reply I would point out that owing to large sums of money being required for military expenses H. E. Chang, Superintendent of Southern trade, repeatedly instructed the Hsun to call on the heads of the guild concerned to take steps to raise subscription on preparated opium. The heads of the guild took the matter into consideration, and it is proposed that such subscription should be collected from the Chinese shops selling prepared opium, the residence of the charge

PURELY PERSONAL.

With reference to the sale of the historical relics of Lord Nelson, we "Daily Telegraph" are in receipt of two or three communications containing handsome offers from private individuals, in the hope that a fund might be raised to purchase, at all events, the most interesting of the memorials of the great naval captain, with a view to their presentation to Green-wich Hospital. Unfortunately it is now too late to start a subscription for this extremely desirable purpose, and we can only suggest to those who evince these laudable patriotic sentiment to make as many purchases as they can, and present the objects so acquired to the nation.

One result of the downfall of the late Chancellor of the Exchequer has been an extraordinary demand at the Conservative Publication Office in Parliament Street for copies of a coloured cartoon in which Sir William figures prominently. The demand comes from all parts of the country, so that the entire stock has been exhausted, and thousands of copies are on order. The cartoon was published a fortnight since, and represents Sir William as a cricketer defending a wicket, of which Home Rule (centre), Local Veto, and Welsh Disestablishment form the three stumps. A ball inscribed "Brodrick's motion" has shattered the defence, and the batsman is looking with incredulous surprise and anger at the clean-bowled middle stump. To bring the cartoon up-to-date, it is proposed to make Local Veto the middle stump in the picture (it being considered certain that this particular proposal has been the main cause of the ending of the batsman's innings), and to make the ball "Derby" instead of "Brodrick's motion."

Queen Christina and her children have (says the Madrid correspondent of the "Standard") lost the legacy of Don Alexandro Soler because he had made a mistake in drawing up his will, which is thereby rendered null and void. The Spanish law requires all holograph wills to be written by the testator on a sheet of stamped paper of the current year. Don Alexandro Soler wrote his will in 1895 upon paper stamped in the year 1894. When the executors wanted to prove the will, and submitted it to the "abogrados del Estado," the State officials instantly pronounced the will worthless. Don Alexandro Soler must, in consequence, be considered to have died intestate. As he was a foundling, and had no legal or natural heirs who could claim his property under the law of intestacy it is the state, and virtually the Treasury, that will now be entitled to his fortune. It is quite a windfall for the Exchequer, as the financial year ended June 30 last showed a deficit of one million eight hundred thousand pounds, and several millions of pesetas are not to be disdained in the present Spanish finances. The offer would be offered to him. It is possible, moreover, that even if he should not succeed in the constituency, he will be appointed, as has been done in other cases, pending an effort to find him another seat.

The reasons suggested for Sir Edward's refusal appear to cover rather more ground than those generally attributed to him. It is true that he is unwilling to make the sacrifice of his private practice involved in the acceptance of the office under the new conditions. He also takes much higher ground, and contends that these conditions prevent the Law Officers from keeping in close touch with the Bar, and do much to interfere with their efficiency as its real leaders.

Herr Schenk, whose death, as the result of an accident, is reported from Berne, was a Swiss politician of great influence. He had been a Member of the Confederation, having been first elected to the office in 1865. He was originally a Protestant clergyman, and in that capacity served as a military chaplain in the civil war in 1847. For a few years afterwards he had charges of a parish, but since 1855 had devoted himself entirely to public affairs. Herr Schenk was 72 years of age.

The candidature of Mr. Erskine Wemyss in West Fife recalls to a contributor to the "Realm" one or two good stories of elections in that county. It is alleged that a Wemyss of the good old days, who was contesting Fife, sat side-by-side across an upper window in [illegible] and [illegible] the crowd below came the question, "Will you vote for the reduction of the tax upon so-and-so?" "No," roared the candidate; "but I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll vote to take the tax off soap, and let you dirty devils get your faces washed!"

Sir George Campbell, by the way, represented for many years a group of burghs in the same county. There was a witty Dean in one of them who was credited, according to the same authority, with saying that when Sir George appeared, fresh from his Indian career, to contest the seat, that "he had never had any idea of the extent of the Indian famine until he saw Sir George." Those who remember the frequenters of that House a few years ago are not likely to forget it) the tall, spare figure of the member for the Kirkcaldy burghs will appreciate the Dean's little joke.

Some attention was called recently to the fact that an American millionaire in this country had walled off a large domain which under previous ownership had been open to the public. In their own country the millionaires seem to act in a similar way. It is said to be almost as difficult to enter the gates of Biltmore, Mr. George Vanderbilt's Carolina estate, as for a rich man to get into the other place. In the democratic United States people are fond of driving through other people's fine grounds and picnicking under the shade of their costly trees. Some rich owners, however, have been so thoughtful as to close their gates and put up a sign, "No passing through these grounds." Mr Vanderbilt does better; he has a corps of coloured guards to defend his estate from too much admiration.

Mr. Chauncey

BILE LADEN BLOOD.

HEALTHY BILE.

When the Liver is not making Healthy Bile, or insufficient quantity, the Blood becomes impure, the groundwork of disease, and produces Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Headaches, Moping, Melancholy, Gout, Rheumatism, and nearly every form of disease.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

is the simplest and best remedy yet introduced. It prevents Diarrhœa, and removes it in the early stages.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

assists the functions of the LIVER, BOWELS, SKIN, and KIDNEYS by Natural Means; thus the Blood is freed from POISONOUS or other HURTFUL MATTERS. It is impossible to overstate its great value. THERE IS NO DOUBT that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, PREVENTED a SEVERE ILLNESS. Without such a simple precaution, the JEOPARDY of LIFE is IMMENSELY INCREASED.

SCARLET FEVER, PYÆMIA, ERYSIPELAS, MEASLES, GANGRENE, and almost every unmentionable Disease.—"I have been a nurse for upwards of ten years, and in that time have nursed cases of scarlet fever, pyæmia, erysipelas, measles, gangrene, cancer, and almost every unmentionable disease. During the whole time I have not been ill myself for a single day, and this I attribute in a great measure to the use of ENO'S FRUIT SALT, which has kept my blood in a pure state. I recommended it to all my patients during convalescence. Its value as a means of health cannot be overestimated.—A PROFESSIONAL NURSE. "April 21st, 1894."

EASTERN EQUATORIAL AFRICA.

Cavendish Square, W., October 26, 1894.

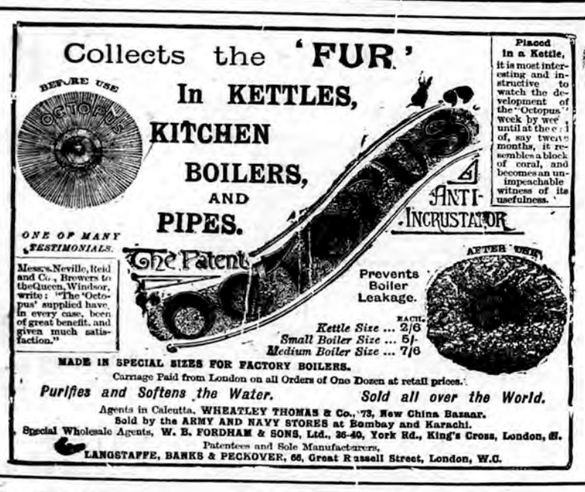
DEAR SIR,—I have recently returned from Eastern Equatorial Africa, where I lived for upwards of 12 years.

I enjoyed phenomenal health, and in my opinion it was undoubtedly owing to the daily use of your "Fruit Salt," the beneficial qualities of which I had previously found in England. I have no hesitation in saying that my life was preserved by it.

On my way home I had a severe attack of intermittent fever, the sea was rough, and the ship's medical attendant was (as that officer usually is) prostrate with "mal de mer," and unable to attend to anyone. The fever gained and gained on me, but after a few doses of ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" I at last fell into a refreshing sleep, and found on awakening that the int. se thirst had gone, and long before I had arrived at Aden was as well as I had ever been in my life. I am, dear Sir, Yours truly, ANGLO-AFRICAN.

CAUTION.—Examine each Bottle and see the capsule is marked "ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.'" without you have been imposed on by a worthless imitation. Prepared only at ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, LONDON S.E. By J. C. ENO'S PATENT.

Collects the 'FUR' In KETTLES, KITCHEN BOILERS, AND PIPES.



Placed in a Kettle, it is most interesting and instructive to watch the development of the "Octopus" week by week until at the end of, say twelve months, it resembles a block of coral, and becomes an unimpeachable witness of its usefulness.

Messrs. Neville, Reid and Co., Brewers to the Queen, Windsor, write: "The 'Octopus' supplied have, in every case, been of great benefit, and given much satisfaction."

Kettle Size ... 2/6
Small Boiler Size ... 5/-
Medium Boiler Size ... 7/6 EACH.

MADE IN SPECIAL SIZES FOR FACTORY BOILERS.

Carriage Paid from London on all Orders of One Dozen at retail prices.

Purifies and Softens the Water. *Sold all over the World.*

Agents in Calcutta, WHEATLEY THOMAS & Co., 73, New China Bazaar. Sold by the ARMY AND NAVY STORES at Bombay and Karachi.

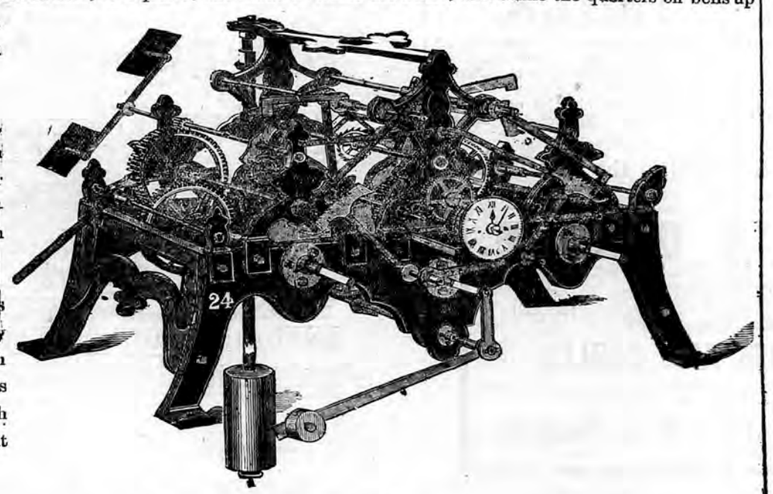
Special Wholesale Agents, W. B. FORDHAM & SONS, Ltd., 36-40, York Rd., King's Cross, London, N.

Patentees and Sole Manufacturers, LANGSTAFFE, BANKS & PECKOVER, 66, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.

TOWER AND TURRET CLOCKS.

The Illustration illustrates the handsome CLOCK TOWER, erected by the joint subscriptions of the Hindus and Mahomedans of the district of Aligarh, and has been named after the local Collector, Mr. J. H. Harrison, I.C.S. The Tower is a lofty and extremely handsome building in the Gothic Style, built in the main of brick, but with facings of admirably carved stone. The Clock has four opal dials of 6 feet diameter each. There is a dead heat escapement, and all the wheels are of best gun metal. The four sets of gilt hands are balanced inside. The weight of the bels is 9 cwts. 3 qrs. 9 lbs., and the Clock chimes the quarters on two bells and strikes the hours on a third bell. It is an eight-day Clock. The Clock, which is the gift of a local native magnate, was set up and supplied by ourselves. We have now on hand, for immediate supply, an exactly similar Clock. Every part of which has been manufactured in England. The price is Rs 5,500.

We manufacture Tower Clocks up to any size desired, with one, two or four dials from 3 feet to 20 feet in diameter, which can be illuminated, if required, and made to strike the hours, and chime the quarters on bells up to any weight and calibre. Prices ranging from Rs. 750 to Rs. 10,000.



We also make smaller, lighter, silent Clocks, with 3 feet dial, suitable for fixing over stables or entrance gateways from Rs. 450 to Rs. 750.

Enquiries and orders should be accompanied by a plan and elevation, with notes of all measurements relating to the part such as thickness of wall, height of chamber space, &c.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,

BOMBAY & POONA.

CORDIAL.

Purifies the Blood,

DELICIOUS.

WHOLESOME & REFRESHING.

AGENTS: H. J. RUSTOMJEE & Co., BOMBAY AND KURRACHEE.

Vinolia Soap

Don't use Boiled Soap for the Toilet.

VINOLIA IS A REFINED SOAP.

It keeps the complexion fresh and clear.

No other soap has received such high awards as VINOLIA SOAP.

DON'T ECONOMIZE AT THE EXPENSE OF YOUR COMPLEXION.

Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Face Spots. Itching.

The Editor, "BABY," reports:—For acne spots on the face it is undoubtedly efficacious, frequently healing eruptions, and removing pimples in a few days. It relieves itching at once.

VINOLIA SOAPS.—ALL PRICES, VINOLIA SHAVING STICKS AND CAKES AND VINOLIA POWDER (FOR THE COMPLEXION).

Schweitzer's COCOATINA

The Best and Purest COCOA

MAINTAINS THE HIGHEST REPUTATION.

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

Estd. 1829. SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA	Has maintained its reputation for over **Sixty Years** as the most **reliable remedy for Tropical Disorders.**
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA	For Torpid Liver, Debility, Attenuation of Body, Lassitude.
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA	For Chronic Rheumatism, Obstinate Skin Diseases and Eruptions.

A LITTLE TAKEN DAILY IS THE BEST PREVENTIVE OF ILLNESS.

INDISPENSABLE TO THOSE WHO VALUE HEALTH.

RELIABLE EVIDENCE OF SUPERIORITY.

CAUTION. Beware of Worthless and Injurious Imitations. REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

"We recommend your Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla."—*Medical Review.*

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the sequelæ of a mercurial course."—*Sir R. Martin.*

"I am never without it, for, when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."—*The Late Lord Clyde.*

"Your Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla cured me of a Torpid Liver when all other medicines had failed."—*Earl of Aldborough.*

"Ask for WILKINSON'S Essence of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, and take no other.

Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers in Small, Medium, and Large Bottles.

Bombay:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited; KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

ADMIRABLY ADAPTED TO THE WANTS OF INFANTS

Neave's Food

55 YEARS OF SUCCESS. GREAT PRIZE International Exhibition, Lyons, 1894.

ALCOOL DE MENTHE

58 AWARDS. 2 GOLD MEDALS, International Exhibition, Antwerp, 1894.

DE RICQLES

VERY SUPERIOR TO ALL SIMILAR PRODUCTS AND THE ONLY TRUE ONE.

INFALLIBLE AGAINST INDIGESTION, PAINS IN THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, NERVOUS FITS, HEAD-ACHES, DYSENTERY, AND CHOLERINE.

A few drops in a glass of sugared water make a delicious and hygienical beverage, instantaneously soothing the thirst and purifying the water.

IT IS AT THE SAME TIME EXCELLENT FOR THE TEETH, THE MOUTH, AND ALL TOILETTE PURPOSES.

IT IS A CAPITAL PREVENTATIVE AGAINST CHOLERA AND SEA SICKNESS.

Manufactured in LYONS. House in PARIS, 41 RUE RICHER.

See that each Flask bears the name of DE RICQLES.

Apply to Messrs. J. STANLEY & Co., Bombay, Agents for M. OPPENHEIMER & Co., PARIS.

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT

For Sprains, Curbs, and Splints when forming.
For Over-reaches, Chapped Heels, Wind Galls.
For Rheumatism in Horses.
For Sore Throats and Influenza.
For Broken Knees, Bruises, Capped Hocks.
For Sore Shoulders. Sore Backs.
For Sprains, Cuts, Bruises in Dogs.
For Cramp in Birds.

Indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.

HADDINGTON, Master of Berwickshire Hounds.

DELICIOUS NEW PERFUME. The Crown Perfumery Co's APPLE BLOSSOMS and the celebrated CROWN LAVENDER SALTS. Sold Everywhere. Reject Counterfeits.

PETER MÖLLER'S

COD LIVER OIL

Scientifically prepared by Möller's Patented Process.

HIGHEST PRAISE AT NINETEEN INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS.

The only oil free from Hydroxyls (which abound in emulsions and solutions), and consequently from unpleasant flavour, "aftertaste," or "repetition," and yet a most powerful and valuable therapeutic.

In Capsuled Bottles only.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper tables a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound and pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus:—JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

NOT "MADE IN GERMANY"

ATKINSON'S

THE FINEST ENGLISH MAKE.

EAU DE COLOGNE.

More Fragrant; More Lasting; and very much More Refreshing than the German kinds.

USE ATKINSON'S ONLY, AND BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Only genuine with Shield-shape Blue and Yellow Label and usual "WHITE ROSE" Trade Mark. Of all Dealers & of the Manufacturers—J. & E. ATKINSON, 24, Old Bond St., London.

TO LADIES

all most beautiful women use

CREME SIMON

Madame Adelina PATTI says:

"Have found it very good indeed"

For all irritations of the skin it is unequalled. *Chaps, Redness, Sunburn, Roughness, etc.* disappear as if by magic.

J. SIMON

13, R. Grange-Batelière, Paris

Agens, 64, Holborn Viaduct, London (E.C.)

Merchants, Druggists, Stores, Perfumers, Chemists.

PRICES—Single, 14/-, 18/-, and 21/-. Double, 31/-, 25/-, and 33/6. Patent LEVER TRUSS (*No Steel in Bend*). Effective and light. Small, comfortable in an erect or sitting position.

HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN. Consultations, Descriptive Circular, and Price List free. J. WHITE & CO., Ltd., 228, Piccadilly, London, England. Est. 50 Years. All genuine goods bear our name stamped on them.

TILES TILES TILES TILES TILES

PAVEMENTS IN PLAIN AND MOSAIC TILES FOR THE FLOORING OF CHURCHES, HOUSES, STORES, SIDEWALKS, BARRACKS, etc.

G. FIEVÉ & CO.,

GHENT (Belgium).

ALBUM containing 150 DESIGNS, with Notice and Conditions for Export, on Application.

APPLY TO GOOLAM ALI GOOLA HOOSEN, ESQ. BOMBAY.

Agent for M. OPPENHEIMER & Co., PARIS.

"FITS LIKE A GLOVE."

THOMSON'S "GLOVE-FITTING" CORSET

Trade Mark.

The Perfection of Shape, Ease, and Durability.

APPROVED by the whole polite world.

Annual Sale over One Million Pairs.

To be had of all Drapers throughout the World.

Twenty Prize Medals.

MANUFACTURED BY W. S. THOMSON & CO., Ltd., LONDON.

See that every Corset is marked "THOMSON'S GLOVE-FITTING," and bears our Trade Mark, the Crown. None other are Genuine.

PURELY VEGETABLE. Perfectly Harmless. Will reduce from two to five pounds per week; acts on the food in the stomach, preventing its conversion into Fat. Sold by Chemists. Send stamp for pamphlet. Botanic Medicine Co., 3, New Oxford-street, London, W.C.

A PREPARATION OF POWERFUL MERIT

FOR

Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuralgia, Toothache, Coughs, Bruises, Burns, Mosquito Bites, Scorpion Stings, Cuts, Piles, Eczema, and Skin Diseases, and all kindred ills and complaints.

ALWAYS GIVES SATISFACTION.

HOMOCEA

IS NOT THE COMING REMEDY BUT THE REMEDY THAT HAS COME.

As a Lubricant for Athletes, Cyclists, &c., HOMOCEA is unequalled.

THE EARL OF CARRICK writes:—"I suffered from this distressing malady (Bleeding Piles) for five months, during which time I tried various remedies. At last I tried Homocea, and in two or three days I found the healing had begun, and in a fortnight I was cured. I strongly advise all who suffer to give Homocea a trial. It is the most wonderful stuff I ever came across."—CARRICK.

Mr. H. M. STANLEY, the Celebrated African Explorer, writes:—"2, Richmond Terrace, Whitehall, London, May 9th, '94. Dear Sir,—Your ointment called Homocea was found to be the most soothing and efficacious ointment that I could possibly have for my fractured limb, as it seems to retain longer than any other that soothing quality so requisite for perfect and efficient massage. The fault of embrocations generally is that they harden and require warmth, whereas yours, besides being particularly aromatic, is as soft as oil, and almost instantly mollifying in the case of severe inflammation." Yours faithfully, HENRY M. STANLEY.

INDIAN DEPOT (Wholesale and Retail)—27/28, 2nd Line Beach, MADRAS.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

ELEVEN YEARS OLD & [illegible] YEARS OLD

GOLD MEDAL CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1883-84.

THESE GRAND OLD SCOTCH WHISKIES are shipped out by RICHARD MATHEWS AND COMPANY, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "CARLTON." They are distilled from the finest Highland Malt only, are in every respect equal to the Best Cognac Brandy and guaranteed to be entirely free from Fusil Oil or other noxious impurities.

LABORATORY, ROYAL POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTION.

To R. MATHEWS & COMPANY. *March 18th, 1878.*

This is to certify that I have carefully Analysed a sample of the "CARLTON WHISKEY," and it to be a very old and pure Spirit, perfectly free from Fusil Oil, or any other deleterious substance. In my opinion this Whiskey is of very high character

EDWARD V. GARDNER, V.A.S., M.S.A., *Professor of Chemistry.*

Berner's College, London.

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the Shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKEYS, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of Whiskey, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

Sold Everywhere. Wholesale of all Wholesale Houses.

Shippers: RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., "Carlton" Whisky Merchant, London.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S, LTD.,

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Tart Fruits, Potted Meats, Preserved Fish, Soups, Game, Sausages, Hams, Bacon, & Cheese

May be obtained of all Storekeepers throughout India.

SPECIAL AGENTS FOR LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

GOLD & Co.'s

TRADE MARK

BIRMINGHAM. ENGLAND

WROUGHT IRON HINGES

ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET

Inventors and Original Makers of all kinds of

LADIES! Save all intermediary profits by purchasing your

KNITTING, EMBROIDERY, FANCY WOOLS AND SILKS.

THE PROVIDENCE MILLS SPINNING CO., Bradford, Yorks, Eng.

Guarantee the full Weight of 16-oz. to the lb. That Wools and Silks are not weighted with heavy dyes or chemicals, but are all of the Best Quality and Pure Fast Dye.

AT FIRST COST. DIRECT from the SPINNERS.

Mention this Paper. *Price and Samples Post Free.*

Train your Moustache in the way it should go.

CARTER'S THRIXALINE is a unique transparent fluid for training and fixing the moustaches of "all sorts and conditions of men" into any position. For this purpose it surpasses every preparation that has ever been introduced.

Prepared only by JOHN CARTER, Hairdresser, &c. AT THE Old Palace of Henry the Eighth 17, Fleet St., London.

Post Free 3/6, 6/6 and 12/-

AGENTS Messrs. Wagle & Co., 3, Jambelwady, Kalkadevi Road Bombay.

A BOON TO THOUSANDS!

(OZONIC OXYGEN.)

Although the modern Materia Medica includes many valuable remedies for human affliction, it is a matter of certainty that in all cases where the animal vitality is failing, Phosphorus is decidedly superior to every other remedy at present known. It will work effects such as nothing else can, and it possesses the great advantage of not losing its use is relinquished, the slightest reaction will produce cleansing, when or depression.

THE ONLY RELIABLE PREPARATION OF PHOSPHORUS,

AND THE ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Loss of Energy and Appetite, Mental and Physical Depression, Incapacity for Study or Business, Sick Headaches, Indigestion, Female Complaints, Flatulence, Dyspepsia, Shortness of Breath, Eruptions of the Skin, Impoverished Blood, Premature Decline, and all Diseases caused by residence in tropical climates.

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne

Is a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It operates on the system without exciting fear or thought upon the individual as to the process. It moves the bowels, liver, kidneys, stomach and intestines, with a harmony unknown, yet, mildness unparalleled in medicine.

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne

Goes back to the human structure, in a simple form, the phosphoric or animating element of life, as that is wasted, and at once imparts new energy and life to the wearied constitution.

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne

Is patronised by Aristocracy and the Elite, extensively used in the Army and Navy, and highly recommended by the leading Medical Practitioners.

CAUTION.—DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

The ONLY Medicine of that name granted certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Mark. Beware of Worthless Imitations made up to resemble upon the Name of Dr. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE. Therefore ask for Dr. BRIGHT'S and refuse Useless Substitutes.

DR. BRIGHT'S WORLD-RENOWNED PHOSPHODYNE

Is sold in QUARTS at 6s. 6d. by all Medicine vendors throughout the Globe.

Full Directions for use in 15 Languages accompany each case.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA: BOMBAY—Kemp & Co. CALCUTTA—Bathgate & Co.

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Dr. N. H. GHEESTA AMERICAN DENTIST,

...ENTAL COLLEGE OF SURGERY.

TEETH WITHOUT PLATES.

...idge System I now insert Artificial Teeth without Plates, which take up ...an natural Teeth, and are thoroughly Serviceable and Durable.

DR. N. H. GHEESTA is now ready to perform all operations pertaining to Dentistry.

DR. N. H. GHEESTA has been in Dental practice for the last 23 years.

He has, in Practitioner's Class, practised Dentistry for a period in 1893, and obtained a Diploma for proficiency from the Chicago College of Dental Surgery, U.S.A.

NO. 65-67, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY

MILKMAID BRAND CONDENSED MILK

The "Milkmaid" Brand is guaranteed to contain all the cream of the original milk. In the process of manufacture nothing but water is removed, nothing but the best refined sugar added.

Avoid low-priced brands from which the cream has been abstracted, and ask for the "Milkmaid" Brand, the best for all purposes.

Largest Sale in the World.

GEOFFROY & DELORE;

28, Rue des Chasses, CLICHY-LA-GARENNE (Seine), FRANCE.

[redacted]

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FOR

Light, Transport of Energy, Instruments of Precision, Dynamo Engines, Torpedoes, Telephone, Bells, &c.

APPLY TO Messrs. JAMES STANLEY & Co., BOMBAY.

Agents for M. OPPENHEIMER & Co., PARIS.

ACTON & BORMAN'S

SPECIALITIES:

"PROTECTOR" KNIFE POLISH.

In 3d Packets, And 6d 1s 2s 6d Tins EVERYWHERE.

"ROYAL LUSTRE" BLACK LEAD

In Packets 1d & 2d. ONE TRIAL SOLICITED.

ALSO

GENUINE EMERY-EMERY AND GLASS CLOTHS.

"ROYAL PATENT" FLEXIBLE GLASS PAPER.

BLACK BLACK LEADS, KNIFE BOARDS, &c

72, SHOE LANE, LONDON, E.C.

ESTABLISHED 1781.

MELLIN'S FOOD

Is not Farinaceous and is entirely free from Starch and Cane Sugar.

When added to diluted Cow's Milk it produces a complete and perfect diet, adapted for the strong as well as for the sickly babe. MELLIN'S FOOD supplies materials by which diluted cow's milk is converted into A PERFECT FOOD FOR THE YOUNGEST INFANT.

Mellin's Food may be obtained of all Dealers throughout India. Samples and Directions for use printed in Native Languages, together with a pamphlet on the "Feeding and Care of Infants," can be had on application to the following Wholesale Agents in India:—

Bombay—LATHAM, ABERCROMBIE & Co. *Madras*—OAKES & Co. *Calcutta*—MACKENZIE, LYALL & Co *Rangoon*—LATHAM BLACK & Co. *Karachi*—H. J. RUSTOMJEE & Co.

MELLIN'S FOOD COMPANY FOR INDIA, LIMITED, PECKHAM, LONDON, S.E.

FOR DIABETES.

"G.B." FOR KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.

DIABETES

FOR RHEUMATISM. FOR GOUT. **WHISKY.**

Sold by all leading Merchants in India.

HIGHEST MEDICAL ANALYSES AND TESTIMONIALS.

Post Free of the Sole Proprietors,

GEORGE BACK & Co., DEVONSHIRE SQUARE, LONDON.

GOLD MEDAL, HEALTH EXHIBITION, LONDON.

BENGER'S FOOD

For Infants Invalids & The Aged

MOST DELICIOUS, NUTRITIVE, AND DIGESTIBLE.

Sold by all leading Chemists, &c., Everywhere.

TREACHER & CO., Ltd., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA; KEMP & CO., Ltd., BOMBAY; PHILLIPS & CO., Ltd., BOMBAY and POONA.

Having regard to an UNTRUE STATEMENT made by an Advertiser of Phosphodyne, viz., "The only Medicine of that name granted Certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks," Dr. Lalor invites the attention of the public to the following copy of a letter received from Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks:—

THE PATENT OFFICE, TRADE MARKS BRANCH, 25, Southampton Buildings, London, W.C., 27th November, 1894.

SIR,—Adverting to your letter of the 22nd instant, enclosing an advertisement (apparently taken from some Indian newspaper) relating to "Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne," I am directed to inform you that the Comptroller does not find that the combination of devices (Locomotive, Ship, Royal Arms, &c.), with those words (and others), appearing in the advertisement, has been registered at this office in the Class (Class 3) to which Medicines for human use belong; and the word "Phosphodyne" has not been so Registered EXCEPT IN YOUR NAME. The official number of your registration of the label with Hercules and the Lion and the words "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne or Vital Elixir" is 8317, and it is dated 21st May, 1876; your registration of the word "Phosphodyne" by itself, as an "OLD" Trade Mark, is number 16587, and is of date 28th October, 1877.

The Comptroller will be happy to afford you any further assistance in his power in connection with the matter.

I am, Sir, your obedient Servant,

(Signed) W. J. F. TOMLINSON.

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-84, open to all Countries

REGISTERED DR. LALOR'S TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

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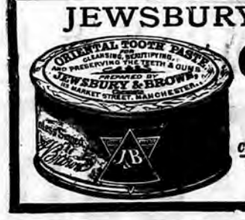
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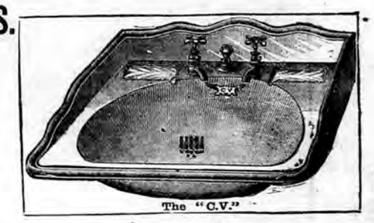

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